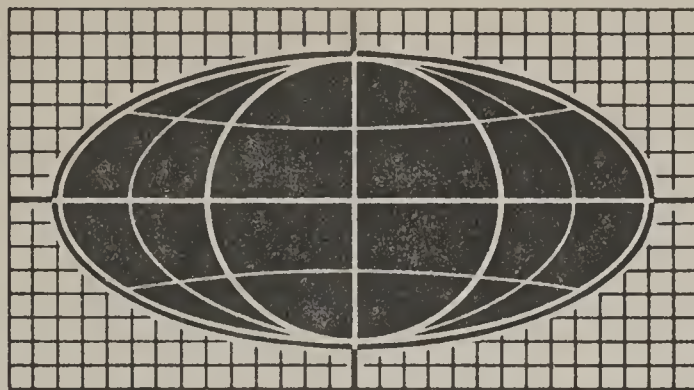


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WORLD POPULATION AND INCOME BY COUNTRIES

1950-65 AND PROJECTIONS TO 1980

Working paper prepared as a part of the
research project

"Analysis of Demand Prospects for Agricultural
Products of the Less Developed Countries"

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WORLD POPULATION AND INCOME BY COUNTRIES,
1950-65 AND PROJECTIONS TO 1980

BY

Lyle E. Moe 1/

INTRODUCTION

The enclosed groups of statistical tables on population and national income by countries were compiled as background material for a research project, "Analysis of Demand Prospects for Agricultural Products of the Less Developed Countries," being conducted by the Economic Research Service under a participating agency service agreement for the Agency for International Development (AID) 2/.

In view of the interest in historical and projected world population and income levels, the enclosed data have been reproduced on a limited basis.

For the purposes of this project the countries of the world were divided into three major groups: developed, centrally planned, and developing. The developed countries contain 8 regional groupings, the centrally planned countries 3 regional groupings, and the developing countries, 12 regional groupings.

The population tables present a 1950-66 series for 218 countries and territories and contain population projections for the various countries through 1980.

1/ Africa and Middle East Branch, Foreign Regional Analysis Division, Economic Research Service.

2/ This research project is being conducted in 3 phases: (1) Historical analysis of trade flows (this phase has been published), (2) analysis of demand prospects, and (3) analysis of policy implications of estimated world demand prospects, under the joint supervision of an ERS Technical Advisory Committee by Arthur B. Mackie, Anthony S. Rojko, and Louis F. Herrmann, Chairman. The agricultural products being analyzed in this study are coffee, cocoa, tea, wheat, rice, corn, barley, other cereals, cotton, jute, other vegetable fibers, sugar, fruits, vegetables, oilseeds, oil nuts, and animal and vegetable oils.

The tables of national income contain a 1950-65 series, to the extent that data permitted, for the developed, centrally planned, and developing countries plus projections of economic growth for these countries through 1980.

WORLD POPULATION

Summary

It is widely recognized that the human species is undergoing an extraordinary expansion of numbers because of vast improvements in the conditions of mortality. The rate of expansion has been mitigated in the economically more advanced and centrally planned countries by a reduction of birth rates, but reproduction rates remain undiminished in most of the less developed world. From 1950 to 1965 the population of the countries classified as being developed increased 19.8 percent, the centrally planned countries 34.4 percent, and the developing countries 43.2 percent. The disparity of population growth rates between the developing countries and the other countries of the world during the 1965-80 period is expected to widen even more. The projected rate of population increase of the developed countries during the 1965-80 period is 16.7 percent, the centrally planned countries, 30.4 percent, and the developing countries, 45.6 percent.

The level of population, percent of world total, and annual rates of increase for the regions of the world for the 1950, 1965, and 1980 periods are presented in Table 1.

Table 1.--POPULATION: World, by regions, 1950, 1965 and projection for 1980

Regions	1950	1965	1980	1950	1965	1980	Annual Growth Rate 1950-65 1965-80
	-- -- Thousands -- --			-- -- Percent of Total -- --			-- -- Percent -- --
DEVELOPED COUNTRIES							
United States	152,271	194,572	241,079	6.1	5.8	5.3	1.6 1.4
Canada	13,737	19,604	26,024	.6	.6	.6	2.4 1.9
Japan	82,900	97,960	111,563	3.3	2.9	2.5	1.1 .8
South Africa, Rep. of	12,453	17,367	26,000	.5	.5	.6	2.4 2.6
EEC	157,514	181,594	198,385	6.3	5.4	4.4	1.0 .6
EFTA	84,949	93,243	103,037	3.4	2.8	2.3	.6 .7
Other Western Europe	43,626	49,036	55,142	1.8	1.5	1.2	.8 .6
Oceania	10,087	14,000	18,216	.4	.4	.4	2.2 1.8
Total	557,537	667,876	779,446	22.4	19.9	17.3	1.2 1.0
CENTRALLY PLANNED COUNTRIES							
USSR	180,050	230,600	277,325	7.2	6.9	6.1	1.7 1.3
Eastern Europe	106,062	121,430	138,763	4.2	3.6	3.1	.9 .9
Communist Asia	569,549	795,604	1077,064	22.9	34.2	23.8	2.2 2.0
Total	853,661	1147,634	1493,152	34.3	34.2	33.0	2.0 1.8
DEVELOPING COUNTRIES							
Africa	203,981	292,060	430,904	8.1	8.6	9.5	2.4 2.6
Latin America	162,351	246,124	375,693	6.6	7.3	8.3	2.8 2.9
Asia and Oceania	711,511	1005,595	1441,506	28.6	30.0	31.9	2.3 2.4
Total	1077,843	1543,779	2248,103	43.3	45.9	49.7	2.4 2.5
World Total	2491,041	3359,289	4520,701	100.0	100.0	100.0	2.0 2.0

World Population Series, 1950-65

The United Nations Department of Economic and Social Affairs is the world's leading depository of demographic data and it is to this source one logically turns in deriving a time series of world population figures.

Population censuses have been taken in most countries of the world. In the period 1958-1963 a comprehensive national census was taken in 157 countries and territories. The accuracy of censuses varies generally with their periodic frequency and with the length of procedural experience. In some countries, successive census results imply implausible or inconsistent rates of population change which are presumptive evidence of errors in the data. While the United Nations demographic section is fully cognizant of this problem, U.N. publications do not make adjustments for inconsistencies in official country data.

Population data published by the United Nations therefore contain two kinds of series: Series not requiring any adjustment and series requiring adjustment. With accumulated experience and the benefit of internationally recommended procedures, it can be assumed that in regions of hitherto modest statistical experience the most recent have, as a rule, been more reliable than earlier ones. It is therefore reasonable, in the majority of cases, to accept the most recent data or estimates as the best available and to adjust earlier ones for consistency with them.

AID provides USDA with the population series used in preparing its annual publication of Indices of Agricultural Production. This population series, which begins with 1954, is based upon the U.N. series with adjustments being made for countries where inconsistencies arise. This series was adopted for 76 countries. For those countries where no adjustments to the series were required, the data

were readily obtained from U.N. publications for the 1950-53 period. For countries in which the series were adjusted, the rate of growth from 1954 to 1958 was computed. This rate of growth was then extended to 1950, thereby providing for a consistent population series for the 1950-66 period.

The population figures for the countries and territories other than the 76 mentioned above were obtained from a series compiled by FAO's Department of Economic and Social Affairs, Statistics Division, Census and Social Statistics Branch, issued in March 1967. This series of population covered the period 1950-66 and includes 218 countries and territories. This series was also based on U.N. population data. The adjustments made by FAO to 56 of the 142 country population series were adopted in this report since the FAO adjusted series included the most recent census data as well as revised death and birth rates. Estimates for refugees, nomads or jungle population were incorporated into the country figures where known to adjust for under enumeration.

Population Growth 1950-65. It is estimated that during the period 1950-65 the world population increased by 868,248,000 persons or 35 percent. The areas of fastest growth during this period were Latin America (52 percent), and other East Asia (52 percent), and West Africa (46 percent). Moderate increases were registered in the United States (28 percent), Japan, (18 percent), Western Europe (13 percent), and the Soviet Union (28 percent). These varying rates of growth clearly suggest that countries and regions can be distinguished in terms of population growth as well as economic and social

development. That is, generally the developing countries have annual population growth rates greater than 2.0 percent, while the developed countries have population growth rates of less than 2 percent per year. There are a few exceptions of course, such as Canada, Australia-New Zealand and the Republic of South Africa.

The share of the world population classified as developed declined from 22.4 percent in 1950 to 19.9 percent by 1965. The average annual growth rate during this period was 1.2 percent. Canada and the Republic of South Africa had the highest rate of increase (2.4 percent) followed by Australia-New Zealand (2.2 percent). The lowest rates of increase were recorded for the countries of EFTA (0.6 percent), the EEC (1.0 percent), and Other Western Europe (0.8 percent). The average annual increase for the United States was 1.6 percent, and for Japan 1.1 percent.

The Centrally Planned Countries' share of the world population during 1950-65 period remained static, 34.3 percent in 1950 and 34.2 percent in 1965. The average annual rate of growth in population during this period was 2.0 percent. The highest rate of increase (2.2 percent) was in Communist Asia followed by the U.S.S.R. (1.7 percent), and Eastern Europe (0.9 percent).

The share of the world population classified as being in developing countries (excluding Communist Asia) increased from 43.3 percent in 1950 to 45.9 percent in 1965. The average annual rate of population growth was 2.4 percent. During 1950-65, the population of Latin America increased most rapidly (2.8 percent), while Africa minus South Africa (2.4 percent), and the developing areas of Asia and Oceania (2.3 percent) were close behind.

The annual growth rates in 11 of the 12 sub-groups of the developing areas were as high or higher during the 1960-65 period than they were during the 1950-55 period. In contrast, the growth rates in 4 of the 8 sub-groups of the developed areas actually declined during 1960-65, while two remained constant and three increased slightly over the 1950-55 period. In these latter regions (ECC, EFTA, and Japan) the population growth rates in 1950-55 were less than one percent. The annual growth rates of the U.S.S.R. and Eastern Europe were also lower during the 1960-65 period than during the 1950-55 period. The rate of population increase in Communist Asia during these two periods was assumed to have remained relatively constant at 2.2 percent.

Table 2.--POPULATION: World totals by regions, percentage basis, 1950, 1955, 1960 and 1965

Regions	1950	World		1960	1965				
		Percent	Percent						
DEVELOPED COUNTRIES									
United States	6.1	6.0	6.0	5.8					
Canada	.6	.6	.6	.6					
Japan	3.3	3.2	3.1	2.9					
South Africa, Rep.	.5	.5	.5	.5					
EEC	6.3	6.0	5.7	5.4					
EEA	3.4	3.2	2.9	2.8					
Other Western Europe	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.5					
Oceania	.4	.4	.4	.4					
Total	22.4	21.6	20.8	19.9					
CENTRALLY PLANNED COUNTRIES									
USSR	7.2	7.1	7.1	6.9					
Eastern Europe	4.2	4.1	3.8	3.6					
Communist Asia	22.9	23.2	23.5	23.7					
Total	34.3	34.4	34.4	34.2					
DEVELOPING COUNTRIES									
East Africa	2.4	2.5	2.5	2.5					
West Africa	3.6	3.7	3.8	3.9					
North Africa	2.1	2.1	2.2	2.2					
Total	8.1	8.3	8.5	8.6					
Mexico	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.3					
Central America	.4	.4	.4	.4					
Caribbean	.7	.7	.7	.7					
South America	4.4	4.6	4.8	4.9					
Total	6.6	6.8	7.1	7.3					
West Asia	2.4	2.4	2.5	2.6					
South Asia	18.5	18.6	18.7	19.0					
South East Asia	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.4					
Other East Asia	2.1	2.1	2.2	2.4					
Other Asia & Oceania	3.4	3.5	3.5	3.6					
Total	28.6	28.9	29.2	30.0					
TOTAL DEVELOPING COUNTRIES	43.3	44.0	44.8	45.9					
WORLD TOTAL	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0					

Table 3.--POPULATION: World totals, 1950-1966

Regions	1950	1951	1952	1953	1954	1955	1956	1957	1958	1959
	Mid-year estimates in thousands									
DEVELOPED COUNTRIES										
United States	152,271	154,912	157,553	160,184	163,026	165,931	168,903	171,984	174,882	177,830
Canada	13,737	14,150	14,496	14,886	15,330	15,736	16,123	16,677	17,120	17,522
Japan	82,900	84,200	85,500	86,700	88,060	89,000	89,950	90,730	91,540	92,430
South Africa, Rep.	12,453	12,772	13,100	13,436	13,779	14,096	14,421	14,786	15,160	15,546
EEC	157,514	158,520	159,866	161,120	162,574	163,935	165,439	167,033	168,672	170,236
EFTA	84,949	85,390	85,784	86,147	86,548	86,888	87,317	87,779	88,236	88,763
Other Western Europe	43,626	43,964	44,352	44,731	45,104	45,451	45,795	46,155	46,509	46,892
Oceania	10,087	10,369	10,631	10,862	11,080	11,336	11,613	11,869	12,124	12,387
Total	557,537	564,277	571,282	578,666	585,441	592,373	599,561	607,013	614,243	621,606
CENTRALLY PLANNED COUNTRIES										
U.S.S.R.	180,050	183,200	186,400	189,500	192,700	196,150	199,650	203,150	206,850	210,550
Eastern Europe	106,062	107,142	108,238	109,391	110,565	111,865	112,936	113,826	114,790	115,834
Communist Asia	569,549	581,006	592,467	606,597	620,850	635,474	650,442	666,593	681,512	697,629
Total	855,661	871,348	887,105	905,488	924,115	943,489	963,028	983,569	1003,152	1024,013
DEVELOPING COUNTRIES										
West Africa	90,598	92,807	95,020	97,461	99,639	102,180	104,767	107,544	110,371	113,411
East Africa	61,655	63,359	64,245	65,674	66,376	68,311	69,733	71,218	72,753	74,300
North Africa	51,728	53,040	54,374	55,797	56,953	58,306	59,762	61,188	62,710	64,281
Total	203,981	209,206	213,639	218,932	222,968	228,797	234,225	239,950	245,834	251,992
Mexico	26,366	27,175	28,004	28,863	29,759	30,701	31,685	32,704	33,766	34,878
Central America	8,964	9,222	9,503	9,801	10,116	10,442	10,774	11,112	11,464	11,824
Caribbean	16,549	16,891	17,211	17,532	17,896	18,291	18,674	19,068	19,496	19,941
South America	110,472	113,371	116,404	119,581	122,863	126,287	129,929	133,555	137,284	141,083
Total	162,351	166,659	171,122	175,777	180,634	185,721	191,062	196,439	202,010	207,726
West Asia	59,266	60,983	62,836	64,965	65,388	67,016	68,673	71,062	72,955	74,987
South Asia	460,329	469,925	479,726	489,733	499,905	509,665	519,896	530,631	541,853	553,742
South East Asia	55,144	56,593	58,084	59,617	61,002	63,210	64,668	66,161	67,710	69,516
Other East Asia	51,667	52,855	54,101	55,367	56,281	58,008	59,644	61,532	63,466	65,414
Other Asia & Oceania	85,105	87,040	89,024	91,145	93,314	95,387	97,522	99,753	102,076	104,466
Total	711,511	727,396	743,771	760,827	775,890	793,286	810,403	829,139	848,060	868,125
TOTAL DEVELOPING COUNTRIES	1077,843	1103,261	1128,532	1155,536	1179,492	1207,804	1235,727	1265,528	1295,904	1327,843
WORLD TOTAL	2491,041	2538,886	2586,919	2639,090	2687,048	2743,966	2798,316	2856,110	2913,299	2973,462

Table 3.--POPULATION: World totals, 1950-1966 - continued

Region	Annual growth rate									
	1950-65	1955-60	1960-65	Percent-						
DEVELOPED COUNTRIES										
United States	1.6	1.7	1.5							
Canada	2.4	2.6	1.8							
Japan	1.1	.9	1.0							
South Africa Rep. of	2.4	2.5	2.3							
EEC	1.0	.8	1.1							
EFTA	.6	.6	.8							
Other Western Europe	.8	.8	.8							
Oceania	2.2	2.2	2.2							
Total	1.2	1.2	1.2							
CENTRALLY PLANNED COUNTRIES										
U.S.S.R.	1.7	1.8	1.5							
Eastern Europe	.9	.9	.8							
Communist Asia	2.2	2.3	2.2							
Total	2.0	2.1	1.9							
DEVELOPING COUNTRIES										
West Africa	2.6	2.7	2.6							
East Africa	2.1	2.2	2.3							
North Africa	2.5	2.4	2.6							
Total	2.4	2.5	2.5							
Mexico	3.2	3.1	3.4							
Central America	3.2	3.1	3.3							
Caribbean	2.2	2.0	2.5							
South America	2.8	2.7	2.8							
Total	2.8	2.7	2.9							
West Asia	2.6	2.5	2.6							
South Asia	2.2	2.1	2.4							
South East Asia	2.6	2.8	2.6							
Other East Asia	2.8	3.1	3.1							
Other Asia & Oceania	2.3	2.3	2.3							
Total	2.3	2.2	2.5							
TOTAL DEVELOPING COUNTRIES	2.4	2.3	2.6							
WORLD TOTAL	2.0	1.9	2.1							

Footnotes on Table 13.

Table 4.--POPULATION: DEVELOPED REGIONS, 1950-1966

Area	1950	1951	1952	1953	1954	1955	1956	1957	1958	1959	1960
United States	152,271	154,912	157,553	160,184	163,026	165,931	168,903	171,984	174,882	177,830	180,684
Canada	13,737	14,150	14,496	14,886	15,330	15,736	16,123	16,677	17,120	17,522	17,909
Japan ^{1/}	82,900	84,200	85,500	86,700	88,000	89,000	89,950	90,730	91,540	92,430	93,210
EEC											
Belgium-Luxembourg	8,936	8,977	9,029	9,079	9,123	9,174	9,231	9,297	9,363	9,416	9,467
France	41,875	42,156	42,460	42,752	43,057	43,428	43,843	44,311	44,789	45,240	45,684
Germany, West ^{2/}	42,986	50,193	50,643	51,189	51,880	52,382	53,008	53,656	54,292	54,876	55,433
Italy	46,603	46,932	47,352	47,607	47,899	48,200	48,469	48,743	49,041	49,356	49,642
Netherlands	10,114	10,262	10,382	10,493	10,615	10,751	10,888	11,026	11,187	11,348	11,486
Total	157,514	158,520	159,866	161,120	163,574	163,935	165,439	167,033	168,672	170,236	171,712
EFTA											
Austria	6,935	6,934	6,949	6,954	6,969	6,947	6,952	6,966	6,987	7,014	7,048
Denmark	4,270	4,304	4,334	4,369	4,406	4,439	4,466	4,488	4,515	4,547	4,581
Norway	3,265	3,296	3,328	3,362	3,395	3,429	3,462	3,494	3,525	3,556	3,585
Portugal	8,405	8,477	8,496	8,534	8,570	8,610	8,647	8,681	8,725	8,776	8,865
Sweden	7,017	7,073	7,125	7,171	7,213	7,262	7,315	7,367	7,415	7,454	7,480
Switzerland	4,694	4,749	4,815	4,877	4,929	4,980	5,045	5,126	5,199	5,259	5,362
United Kingdom	50,363	50,557	50,737	50,880	51,066	51,221	51,430	51,657	51,870	52,157	52,559
Total	84,949	85,390	85,784	86,147	86,548	86,888	87,317	87,779	88,236	88,763	89,480
EFTA minus United Kingdom	34,586	34,833	35,047	35,267	35,482	35,667	35,887	36,122	36,366	36,606	36,921
Other Western Europe											
Cyprus ^{1/}	494	491	508	515	523	530	536	546	558	567	573
Finland	4,009	4,056	4,091	4,139	4,187	4,235	4,282	4,324	4,360	4,395	4,430
Greece ^{1/}	7,566	7,646	7,733	7,817	7,893	7,966	8,031	8,096	8,173	8,258	8,327
Iceland	143	145	148	151	154	158	161	165	169	172	176
Ireland	2,969	2,961	2,953	2,949	2,941	2,921	2,898	2,885	2,853	2,846	2,834
Malta	312	313	317	317	320	314	314	319	322	325	329
Spain	27,868	28,086	28,332	28,571	28,812	29,056	29,301	29,548	29,798	30,049	30,303
Other ^{3/}	265	266	270	272	274	271	272	272	276	280	275
Total	43,626	43,964	44,352	44,731	45,104	45,451	45,795	46,155	46,509	46,892	47,247
South Africa, Rep. ^{1/}	12,453	12,772	13,100	13,436	13,779	14,096	14,421	14,786	15,160	15,546	15,925
Oceania											
Australia ^{1/}	8,179	8,422	8,636	8,815	8,987	9,200	9,426	9,640	9,842	10,056	10,275
New Zealand ^{1/}	1,908	1,947	1,995	2,047	2,093	2,136	2,187	2,229	2,282	2,331	2,372
Total	10,087	10,369	10,631	10,862	11,080	11,336	11,613	11,869	12,124	12,387	12,647

Footnotes on Table 13.

Table 4.--POPULATION: DEVELOPED REGIONS, 1950-1966 - Continued

Area	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966	1950-65	Annual Growth 1950-55 Percent--	Rate 1960-65
United States	183,756	186,656	Mid-Year 189,417	192,120	194,572	196,842	1.6	1.7	1.5
Canada	18,269	18,600	18,925	19,271	19,604	20,050	2.4	2.8	1.8
Japan $\frac{1}{2}$	94,050	94,930	95,899	96,906	97,960	98,865	1.1	1.4	1.0
EEC									
Belgium-Luxembourg	9,501	9,542	9,614	9,706	9,795	9,863	.6	.4	.7
France	46,163	46,998	47,853	48,411	48,920	49,400	1.1	.7	1.4
Germany, West $\frac{2}{2}$	56,175	56,938	57,587	58,267	59,012	59,638	1.1	.9	1.3
Italy	49,863	50,151	50,598	51,120	51,575	51,962	.7	.7	.8
Netherlands	11,639	11,806	11,966	12,127	12,292	12,455	1.3	1.2	1.4
Total	173,341	175,435	177,618	179,631	181,594	183,318	1.0	.8	1.1
EFTA									
Austria	7,074	7,130	7,172	7,215	7,255	7,291	.3	.1	.6
Denmark	4,612	4,647	4,684	4,720	4,757	4,791	.7	.8	.7
Norway	3,615	3,639	3,667	3,694	3,723	3,753	.9	1.0	.8
Portugal	8,932	9,008	9,074	9,143	9,234	9,335	.6	.5	.8
Sweden	7,520	7,562	7,604	7,662	7,734	7,807	.7	.7	.7
Switzerland	5,496	5,660	5,770	5,874	5,945	6,000	1.6	1.2	2.1
United Kingdom	52,941	53,458	53,797	54,213	54,595	54,896	.5	.3	.8
Total	90,190	91,104	91,768	92,521	93,243	93,873	.6	.5	.8
EFTA minus United Kingdom	37,249	37,646	37,971	38,308	38,648	38,977	.7	.6	.9
Other Western Europe									
Cyprus $\frac{1}{2}$	577	580	589	587	594	603	1.2	1.4	.7
Finland	4,467	4,505	4,544	4,580	4,612	4,639	.9	1.1	.8
Greece $\frac{1}{2}$	8,398	8,448	8,480	8,510	8,550	8,614	.8	1.0	.5
Iceland	179	182	185	189	192	195	2.0	2.0	1.8
Ireland	2,819	2,830	2,864	2,876	2,874	2,884	-.2	-.3	.3
Malta	329	329	328	324	319	319	-.2	.1	-.6
Spain	30,559	30,817	31,077	31,339	31,604	31,871	.8	.8	.8
Other $\frac{1}{2}$	282	281	286	288	291	296	.7	.5	1.1
Total	47,610	47,972	48,353	48,693	49,036	49,421	.8	.8	.8
South Africa, Rep. $\frac{1}{2}$	16,283	16,651	17,041	17,457	17,867	18,298	2.4	2.5	2.3
Oceania									
Australia $\frac{1}{2}$	10,508	10,705	10,916	11,136	11,360	11,545	2.3	2.4	2.0
New Zealand $\frac{1}{2}$	2,420	2,485	2,538	2,596	2,640	2,676	2.2	2.3	2.5
Total	12,928	13,190	13,454	13,732	14,000	14,221	2.2	2.4	2.1

Footnotes on Table 13.

Table 5. --- POPULATION: MINOR WESTERN ISLANDS AND
NORTH AMERICAN COUNTRIES, 1950-1960

Area	1950	1951	1952	1953	1954	1955	1956	1957	1958	1959	1960
WEST EUROPEAN											
Andorra	5	5	5	5	6	6	6	6	7	7	8
Faeroe Isl.	31	31	32	33	33	32	33	33	34	34	34
Gibraltar	24	24	24	24	25	25	25	25	26	26	26
Liechtenstein	14	14	14	14	14	15	15	15	15	16	16
Monaco	20	20	21	22	22	21	20	21	21	23	23
San Marino	13	13	13	13	14	14	14	14	15	15	15
Channel Isl.	104	104	104	104	103	101	103	102	102	103	104
Isle of Man	53	54	56	56	56	56	55	55	55	55	48
Vatican	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Total	265	266	270	272	274	271	272	272	276	280	275
North America											
Greenland	23	23	24	25	26	27	27	29	30	31	33
St. Pierre & Miquelon	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Total	28	28	29	30	31	32	32	34	35	36	38

Footnotes on Table 13.

Table 5.--POPULATION: MINOR WEST EUROPEAN AND
NORTH AMERICAN COUNTRIES, 1950-1966 - Continued

Area	Mid-Year Estimates in Thousands						Annual Grpwth Rate			
	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966	1950-65	1950-55	1955-60	1960-65
West European										
Andorra	9	10	11	11	11	12	5.4	2.3	2.5	6.6
Faeroe Isl.	35	35	36	36	37	38	1.2	.6	1.2	1.7
Gibraltar	27	24	24	24	25	25	.3	.8	1.3	- .8
Liechtenstein	17	17	18	18	18	19	1.7	1.4	1.8	2.4
Monaco	22	22	22	23	23	23	1.0	1.0	1.4	0.0
San Marino	16	17	17	17	17	18	1.8	2.1	.5	2.5
Channel Isl.	107	107	109	110	111	112	.4	-.6	.6	1.3
Isle of Man	48	48	48	48	48	48	-.7	1.1	-3.0	0.0
Vatican	1	1	1	1	1	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total	282	281	286	288	291	296	.6	.4	.3	1.2
North America										
Greenland	34	35	36	37	40	40	3.7	3.3	4.1	2.3
St. Pierre & Miquelon	5	5	5	5	5	5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total	39	40	41	42	45	45	3.2	2.7	3.5	3.4

Footnotes on Table 13.

Table 6.--POPULATION: CENTRALLY PLANNED COUNTRIES, 1950-1966

Area	1950	1951	1952	1953	1954	1955	1956	1957	1958	1959	1960
	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -
	Mid-Year Estimates in Thousands										
USSR	180,050	183,200	186,400	189,500	192,700	196,150	199,650	203,150	206,850	210,550	214,250
<u>EASTERN EUROPE</u>											
Yugoslavia ✓	16,346	16,588	16,798	17,048	17,284	17,519	17,685	17,859	18,018	18,214	18,402
Albania	1,215	1,255	1,270	1,302	1,340	1,379	1,421	1,462	1,507	1,556	1,607
Bulgaria	7,251	7,258	7,275	7,346	7,423	7,499	7,576	7,651	7,728	7,798	7,867
Czechoslovakia ✓	12,389	12,532	12,683	12,820	12,952	13,093	13,229	13,358	13,474	13,565	13,654
East Germany ✓	18,388	18,351	18,325	18,178	18,059	17,944	17,716	17,517	17,355	17,298	17,241
Hungary ✓	9,338	9,423	9,504	9,595	9,706	9,825	9,911	9,840	9,882	9,937	9,984
Poland ✓	24,824	25,271	25,753	26,255	26,761	27,281	27,815	28,310	28,770	29,240	29,561
Rumania ✓	16,311	16,464	16,630	16,847	17,040	17,325	17,583	17,829	18,056	18,226	18,403
Total	106,062	107,142	108,238	109,391	110,565	111,865	112,936	113,826	114,790	115,834	116,712
<u>COMMUNIST ASIA</u>											
China Mainland	546,815	557,862	568,910	582,603	596,411	610,546	625,016	639,829	654,993	670,516	686,400
North Korea	8,967	9,110	9,256	9,404	9,554	9,726	9,901	10,099	10,301	10,517	10,738
Mongolia	732	749	766	784	803	824	845	862	885	910	937
North Vietnam	13,035	13,285	13,535	13,806	14,082	14,378	14,680	15,003	15,333	15,686	16,060
Total	569,549	581,006	592,467	606,597	620,850	635,474	650,442	666,593	681,512	697,629	714,135

Footnotes on Table 13.

TABLE 6.--POPULATION: CENTRALLY PLANNED COUNTRIES, 1950-1966 - Con't

Area	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967	Annual Grdwth Rate			
								1950-65	1950-55	1955-60	1960-65
			Mid-Year Estimates in Thousands					Percent			
USSR	218,000	221,465	224,764	227,700	230,600	233,200		.7	1.7	1.8	1.5
EASTERN EUROPE											
Yugoslavia	18,607	18,637	19,065	19,279	19,507	19,935		1.2	1.4	1.0	1.2
Albania	1,660	1,711	1,762	1,814	1,865	1,917		2.9	2.6	3.1	3.0
Bulgaria	7,943	8,013	8,078	8,144	8,200	8,257		.8	.7	1.0	.8
Czechoslovakia	13,780	13,860	13,952	14,058	14,159	14,240		.9	1.1	.8	.7
East Germany 1/	17,125	17,102	17,155	16,992	17,028	17,066		-.5	-.5	-.8	-.3
Hungary	10,028	10,061	10,088	10,120	10,148	10,178		.6	1.0	.3	.3
Poland	29,965	30,324	30,691	31,161	31,496	31,698		1.6	1.9	1.6	1.3
Rumania	18,567	18,681	18,813	18,927	19,027	19,143		1.0	1.2	1.2	.6
Total	117,675	118,389	119,604	120,495	121,430	122,434		.9	1.1	.9	.8
COMMUNIST ASIA											
China Mainland	701,400	716,500	732,000	747,850	764,000	780,500		2.3	2.2	2.4	2.2
North Korea	10,963	11,180	11,481	11,800	12,100	12,400		2.0	1.6	2.0	2.4
Mongolia	968	998	1,019	1,050	1,104	1,138		2.8	2.4	2.6	3.3
North Vietnam	16,500	16,938	17,412	17,900	18,400	18,900		2.3	2.0	2.2	2.7
Total	729,831	745,616	761,912	778,600	795,604	812,938		2.2	2.2	2.3	2.2

Footnotes on Table 13.

Table 7.--POPULATION: WEST AFRICA, 1950-1966

AREA	1950	1951	1952	1953	1954	1955	1956	1957	1958	1959	1960	1961
WEST AFRICA												
Angola 1/	4,137	4,200	4,264	4,329	4,395	4,458	4,528	4,597	4,667	4,736	4,806	4,875
Cameroon 1/	3,803	3,885	3,968	4,053	4,140	4,225	4,310	4,400	4,500	4,600	4,700	4,800
Gen. Afr. Rep.	1,006	1,027	1,048	1,069	1,090	1,115	1,135	1,160	1,180	1,205	1,230	1,255
Chad	2,697	2,738	2,780	2,822	2,865	2,910	2,950	2,995	3,040	3,085	3,135	3,180
Congo Bra.	680	697	714	732	750	770	785	805	825	850	870	890
Congo Kin. 1/	11,258	11,512	11,767	12,154	12,264	12,538	12,811	13,124	13,474	13,821	14,139	14,464
Dahomey 1/	1,549	1,593	1,639	1,686	1,737	1,786	1,836	1,887	1,940	1,990	2,050	2,106
Gabon	409	412	416	420	423	427	431	435	438	442	446	449
Gambia	237	242	247	253	259	265	271	277	283	289	295	302
Ghana 1/	5,197	5,336	5,479	5,625	5,775	5,931	6,091	6,250	6,420	6,590	6,777	6,960
Guinea 1/	2,308	2,372	2,438	2,505	2,575	2,650	2,730	2,812	2,896	2,983	3,072	3,175
Ivory Coast 1/	2,720	2,784	2,849	2,916	2,986	3,055	3,125	3,197	3,271	3,346	3,423	3,502
Liberia 1/	864	875	886	898	904	918	932	946	960	974	988	1,002
Mali 1/	3,339	3,411	3,484	3,559	3,606	3,680	3,755	3,832	3,920	4,065	4,140	4,207
Mauritania	663	678	693	709	725	740	755	775	790	810	830	840
Niger 1/	2,120	2,155	2,173	2,230	2,300	2,370	2,442	2,588	2,666	2,742	2,876	2,962
Nigeria	37,550	38,616	39,682	40,793	41,935	43,193	44,489	45,823	47,198	48,708	50,267	51,870
Senegal 1/	2,465	2,523	2,582	2,643	2,704	2,756	2,830	2,899	2,967	3,035	3,110	3,183
Sierra Leone 1/	1,683	1,718	1,753	1,788	1,825	1,860	1,900	1,940	1,980	2,020	2,060	2,100
Togo 1/	1,102	1,132	1,162	1,193	1,225	1,260	1,295	1,330	1,360	1,400	1,440	1,480
Upper Volta 1/	3,490	3,560	3,631	3,704	3,755	3,832	3,910	3,990	4,090	4,190	4,340	4,488
Cape Verde Isl.	145	151	158	160	163	172	177	185	192	196	199	205
Equatorial Guinea	4196	200	206	210	215	220	225	229	234	239	244	248
Portuguese Guinea	511	512	513	514	515	516	517	518	518	520	521	522
Saint Helena	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Sao Tome & Principe	59	59	58	55	56	60	63	64	63	65	64	62
South West Africa	405	414	425	436	447	458	469	481	493	505	518	531
TOTAL	90,598	92,807	95,020	97,461	99,639	102,180	104,767	107,544	110,371	113,411	116,553	119,663

Footnotes on Table 13.

Table 7.--POPULATION: WEST AFRICA, 1950-1966 - Con't.

AREA	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967	Annual Growth Rate		
							1950-65	1950-55	1955-60
								Percent	
WEST AFRICA									
Angola 1/	4,945	5,015	5,084	5,154	5,226		1.5	1.5	1.5
Cameroun 1/	4,900	5,008	5,108	5,209	5,350		2.1	2.1	2.2
Cen. Afr. Rep.	1,280	1,300	1,320	1,352	1,380		2.0	2.1	2.0
Chad	3,230	3,275	3,325	3,390	3,460		1.6	1.6	1.5
Congo, Braz.	915	935	960	985	1,010		2.5	2.5	2.5
Congo, Kin. 1/	14,797	15,200	15,550	15,908	16,273		2.3	2.2	2.4
Dahomey 1/	2,170	2,230	2,300	2,365	2,434		2.9	2.9	2.8
Gabon	453	456	459	463	468		.9	.9	.9
Gambia	309	316	324	330	337		2.2	2.3	2.2
Ghana 1/	7,148	7,340	7,537	7,740	7,945		2.6	2.7	2.7
Guinea 1/	3,259	3,321	3,420	3,523	3,629		2.9	2.8	3.0
Ivory Coast 1/	3,583	3,665	3,750	3,835	3,920		2.3	2.4	2.3
Liberia 1/	1,020	1,030	1,041	1,070	1,090		1.4	1.2	1.5
Mali 1/	4,305	4,394	4,485	4,576	4,668		2.1	2.0	2.4
Mauritania	860	880	900	920	940		2.2	2.2	2.3
Niger 1/	3,051	3,143	3,237	3,328	3,433		3.0	2.2	3.9
Nigeria	53,514	55,119	56,773	58,476	60,230		3.0	2.9	3.1
Senegal 1/	3,249	3,326	3,400	3,490	3,580		2.3	2.3	2.4
Sierra Leone 1/	2,145	2,190	2,240	2,290	2,340		2.1	2.0	2.1
Togo 1/	1,527	1,566	1,602	1,638	1,680		2.7	2.7	2.7
Upper Volta 1/	4,578	4,669	4,763	4,858	4,955		2.3	1.9	2.5
Cape Verde Isl.	211	218	225	232	239		3.2	3.5	2.9
Equatorial Guinea 4/	253	258	263	267	272		2.1	2.3	2.1
Portuguese Guinea	524	525	526	527	529		.2	.1	.2
Saint Helena	5	5	5	5	5		0.0	0.0	0.0
Sao Tome & Principe	59	58	58	59	60		0.0	.3	1.3
South West Africa	544	554	564	574	584		2.4	2.5	2.5
TOTAL	122,834	125,996	129,219	132,564	136,037		2.6	2.4	2.7

Footnotes on Table 13.

Table 8.--POPULATION: EAST AFRICA, 1950-1966

[illegible]

Table 8.---POPULATION: EAST AFRICA, 1950-1966 - Con't.

AREA	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967	Annual Growth Rate			
							1950-65	1950-55	1955-60	1960-65
							- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -
EAST AFRICA										
Ethiopia 1/	19,350	19,621	19,896	20,175	20,457		1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4
Kenya 1/	8,595	8,847	9,104	9,365	9,643		3.0	3.1	3.0	2.9
Uganda 1/	7,016	7,190	7,367	7,551	7,740		2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5
Tanzania 1/	9,927	10,128	10,325	10,520	10,717		1.8	1.8	1.8	2.0
Rwanda 1/	2,840	2,930	3,018	3,110	3,200		3.0	2.8	3.0	3.1
Burundi 1/	3,025	3,085	3,147	3,210	3,274		1.7	1.3	1.7	2.0
Malawi 1/	3,665	3,753	3,845	3,940	4,035		2.5	2.6	2.4	2.4
Madagascar 1/	5,756	5,940	6,180	6,420	6,645		3.0	2.8	2.7	3.6
Somali Rep. 1/	2,294	2,361	2,430	2,500	2,580		2.9	3.0	2.9	2.9
Mozambique	6,705	6,789	6,872	6,956	7,041		1.0	.7	1.1	1.3
Rhodesia 1/	3,880	4,010	4,140	4,260	4,400		3.3	3.2	3.3	3.2
Zambia 1/	3,400	3,496	3,600	3,710	3,837		2.9	2.8	2.9	2.9
Botswana 1/	512	527	543	559	576		3.0	3.0	2.9	3.0
Comoro Isl.	202	207	212	217	223		1.8	1.2	1.9	2.5
Fr. Somaliland	77	79	81	83	85		2.4	2.3	2.3	2.6
Lesotho 1/	768	790	814	838	865		3.0	3.1	3.1	3.0
Mauritius 1/	682	701	722	741	759		3.0	3.2	2.9	2.8
Reunion	359	371	384	396	408		3.3	3.4	3.3	3.3
Seychelles	44	45	46	47	48		1.8	1.1	2.0	2.3
Swaziland	270	278	285	292	299		2.7	2.7	2.8	2.7
TOTAL	79,367	81,148	83,011	84,890	86,832		2.1	2.1	2.2	2.2

Footnotes on Table 13.

Table 9.--POPULATION: NORTH AFRICA AND WEST ASIA, 1950-1966

AREA	1950	1951	1952	1953	1954	1955	1956	1957	1958	1959	1960	1961
NORTH AFRICA												
U.A.R. 1/	20,393	20,933	21,473	22,003	22,557	22,990	23,532	24,087	24,655	25,237	25,832	26,557
Sudan 1/	8,845	9,109	9,381	9,661	9,950	10,235	10,530	10,834	11,146	11,459	11,770	12,109
Algeria 1/	8,753	9,000	9,259	9,526	9,444	9,715	9,962	10,143	10,390	10,605	10,784	10,993
Morocco 1/	8,953	9,131	9,310	9,571	9,839	10,113	10,396	10,688	10,987	11,350	11,626	12,030
Tunisia 1/	3,555	3,622	3,689	3,758	3,864	3,915	3,963	4,011	4,059	4,108	4,157	4,208
Libya 1/	1,032	1,046	1,060	1,074	1,089	1,129	1,167	1,210	1,255	1,301	1,349	1,399
Ifni	44	44	45	46	46	47	47	48	48	49	50	51
Spanish Sahara	12	13	14	14	15	16	17	18	20	21	22	24
Spanish N. Africa	141	142	143	144	145	146	148	149	150	151	153	154
TOTAL	51,728	53,040	54,374	55,797	56,953	58,306	59,762	61,188	62,710	64,281	65,743	67,525
WEST ASIA												
Iran 1/	15,974	16,434	16,943	17,413	17,896	18,325	18,765	19,850	20,420	21,000	21,600	22,220
Iraq 1/	5,347	5,495	5,648	5,804	5,966	6,075	6,180	6,300	6,510	6,720	6,945	7,175
Israel 1/	1,258	1,432	1,607	1,651	1,688	1,748	1,827	1,937	1,997	2,061	2,114	2,185
Turkey 1/	20,649	21,265	21,945	22,578	23,228	23,855	24,536	25,256	25,932	26,727	27,550	28,250
Syrian Arab Rep. 1/	3,324	3,430	3,540	3,653	3,770	3,920	4,035	4,150	4,300	4,400	4,561	4,650
Jordan 1/	1,276	1,305	1,329	1,360	1,395	1,437	1,482	1,527	1,560	1,605	1,650	1,695
Lebanon 1/	1,722	1,759	1,797	1,836	1,875	1,950	2,002	2,053	2,102	2,187	2,247	2,305
Bahrain	113	115	117	120	124	127	131	135	139	143	150	156
Kuwait 1/	120	130	140	150	160	180	200	220	240	265	278	322
Muscat & Oman	550	558	564	571	578	586	594	603	612	621	630	640
Gaza Strip	300	306	313	314	326	333	340	347	354	362	369	376
Qatar	45	45	46	46	47	47	48	49	50	51	53	54
Saudi Arabia 1/	3,238	3,300	3,365	3,430	3,350	3,427	3,506	3,587	3,669	3,753	3,839	3,927
Southern Yemen	810	827	846	864	883	903	923	943	964	985	1,006	1,028
Trucial States	100	100	101	101	102	103	104	105	106	107	108	109
Yemen 1/	4,440	4,482	4,529	4,574	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000
TOTAL	59,266	60,983	62,836	64,965	65,388	67,016	68,673	71,062	72,955	74,987	77,100	79,092

Footnotes on Table 13

Table 9.---POPULATION: NORTH AFRICA AND WEST ASIA, 1950-1966 - Con't.

AREA	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967	Annual Growth Rate			
							1950-65	1950-55	1955-60	1960-65
							- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -
								Percent		
--- Mid year estimates in thousands ---										
NORTH AFRICA										
U.A.R. 1/	27,244	27,968	28,900	29,600	30,400		2.5	2.4	2.4	2.7
Sudan 1/	12,470	12,831	13,180	13,540	13,940		2.9	3.0	2.8	2.9
Algeria 1/	11,206	11,423	11,645	11,871	12,150		2.0	2.1	2.1	1.9
Morocco 1/	12,360	12,655	12,959	13,323	13,735		2.7	2.5	2.8	2.8
Tunisia 1/	4,258	4,310	4,361	4,414	4,470		1.5	1.9	1.2	1.2
Libya 1/	1,451	1,504	1,559	1,617	1,677		3.0	1.8	3.6	3.7
Ifni	51	52	53	53	54		1.3	1.3	1.2	1.2
Spanish Sahara	25	26	28	29	30		6.1	5.9	6.6	5.7
Spanish N. Africa	155	157	158	159	160		.8	.7	.9	.7
TOTAL	69,220	70,936	72,843	74,606	76,616		2.5	2.4	2.4	2.6
WEST ASIA										
Iran 1/	22,800	23,400	24,010	24,700	25,400		2.9	2.8	3.3	2.7
Iraq 1/	7,410	7,660	7,910	8,180	8,338		2.9	2.6	2.7	3.3
Israel	2,292	2,376	2,476	2,563	2,629		4.9	6.8	3.9	3.9
Turkey 1/	28,960	29,690	30,440	31,150	31,865		2.8	2.9	2.9	2.5
Syrian Arab Rep. 1/	4,800	5,000	5,200	5,356	5,515		3.2	3.4	3.1	3.3
Jordan 1/	1,745	1,800	1,842	1,891	1,954		2.7	2.4	2.8	2.8
Lebanon 1/	2,370	2,435	2,500	2,565	2,630		2.7	2.5	2.9	2.7
Bahrain	161	170	177	185	193		3.3	2.4	3.4	2.4
Kuwait 1/	353	388	426	475	550		9.6	8.5	9.1	11.3
Muscat & Oman	650	662	674	686	699		1.5	1.3	1.5	1.7
Gaza Strip	382	400	419	440	461		2.6	2.1	2.1	3.6
Qatar	59	57	58	60	62		1.9	.9	2.4	2.3
Saudi Arabia 1/	4,017	4,109	4,203	4,300	4,399		1.9	1.1	2.3	2.2
Southern Yemen	1,050	1,074	1,099	1,125	1,152		2.2	2.2	2.2	2.0
Trucial States	110	112	113	115	117		.9	.6	1.0	1.3
Yemen 1/	4,000	4,000	4,040	4,080	4,121		-1.7	-2.1	-2.1	.4
TOTAL	81,157	83,333	85,587	87,877	90,085		2.6	2.5		2.6

Footnotes on Table 13.

Table 10.--POPULATION: LATIN AMERICA, 1950-1966

Footnotes on Table 13.

Footnotes on Table 13.

Table 10. --POPULATION: LATIN AMERICA, 1950-1966 - Continued

USDA ERS

Area	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967	1968	Annual Growth Rate		
								1950-65	1950-55	1955-60
Mexico 1/	38,543	39,871	41,253	42,689	44,145			3.2	3.1	3.3
CENTRAL AMERICA			Mid-year estimates in thousands							
Costa Rica 1/	1,342	1,393	1,446	1,501	1,558			3.8	3.8	3.8
El Salvador 1/	2,649	2,734	2,822	2,914	3,008			3.0	2.8	3.1
Guatemala 1/	4,189	4,327	4,470	4,618	4,770			3.3	3.3	3.3
Honduras 1/	2,065	2,129	2,195	2,263	2,333			3.1	3.1	3.1
Nicaragua 1/	1,496	1,541	1,597	1,655	1,705			3.0	2.9	2.9
Panama 1/	1,130	1,167	1,205	1,246	1,286			3.0	2.9	2.9
British Honduras	97	100	103	106	109			3.1	3.6	2.6
Canal Zone	35	35	35	35	35			-1.2	-1.5	-2.1
Total	13,003	13,426	13,873	14,338	14,804			3.2	3.1	3.2
CARIBBEAN										
Jamaica 1/	1,664	1,695	1,741	1,787	1,833			1.8	2.1	2.1
Haiti 1/	4,346	4,448	4,551	4,660	4,767			2.1	1.9	2.2
Domin. Rep. 1/	3,255	3,372	3,498	3,624	3,750			3.6	3.6	3.6
Puerto Rico	2,482	2,513	2,572	2,626	2,662			1.1	.3	1.0
Trinidad & Tobago 1/	894	922	949	975	1,004			2.9	2.7	3.1
Cuba 1/	7,068	7,236	7,434	7,631	7,833			2.2	2.7	2.1
Other	1,632	1,670	1,708	1,748	1,787			2.0	1.8	1.8
Total	21,341	21,856	22,453	23,051	23,636			2.2	2.0	2.2
SOUTH AMERICA										
Venezuela 1/	7,872	8,144	8,427	8,722	9,030			3.8	2.3	4.0
Gulfana's	955	983	1,011	1,040	1,069			2.8	2.6	2.9
Bolivia 1/	3,863	3,951	4,042	4,136	4,235	4,337		2.1	2.0	2.2
Chile 1/	8,175	8,371	8,574	8,786	9,007	9,223		2.5	2.5	2.5
Colombia 1/	16,489	16,967	17,460	17,984	18,524	19,080		2.9	2.9	2.9
Ecuador 1/	4,591	4,747	4,908	5,084	5,250	5,425		3.1	2.9	3.2
Peru 1/	10,632	10,958	11,290	11,650	12,012	12,384		2.6	2.0	2.7
Paraguay 1/	1,854	1,906	1,955	2,007	2,061	2,115		2.4	2.3	2.2
Uruguay 1/	2,612	2,649	2,682	2,715	2,749	2,787		1.4	1.4	1.4
Brazil 1/	74,591	76,829	79,134	81,568	83,953	86,472		3.0	3.0	3.1
Argentina 1/	21,350	21,688	22,019	22,352	22,691	23,054		1.8	2.1	2.1
Falkland Isl.	2	2	2	2	2			--	--	--
Total	152,986	157,195	161,504	166,046	170,583			2.8	2.7	2.8
Grand Total	225,873	232,348	239,083	246,124	253,168			2.8	2.7	2.7

Footnotes on Table 13.

Area	1950	1951	1952	1953	1954	1955	1956	1957	1958	1959	1960
- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -
Caribbean											
Bahamas	209	212	214	216	218	220	222	224	226	229	232
Antilles, Neth.	5/ 162	166	169	172	174	177	180	182	184	187	190
Bermuda	79	81	83	86	88	91	94	96	99	102	105
Leeward Isl.	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	42	43	43	44
Windward Isl.	390	395	399	403	408	414	420	425	431	438	445
West Indies, Fr.	6/ 428	437	449	461	473	486	497	510	521	534	547
Total	1,304	1,328	1,352	1,377	1,401	1,429	1,455	1,479	1,504	1,533	1,563
South America											
Guyana I/	426	438	450	462	474	487	500	515	532	550	564
French Guiana	30	30	30	30	31	31	31	32	32	32	33
Surinam	235	241	247	254	261	268	275	283	291	299	308
Total	691	709	727	746	766	786	806	830	855	881	905

Footnotes on Table 13.

Table 11 .--POPULATION : MINOR LATIN AMERICAN COUNTRIES, 1950-1966 - Continued

Area	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966	1950-65	Annual Growth Rate		
								1950-55	1955-60	1960-65
	-- --	-- --Mid-Year	Estimates in	Thousands-- --				Percent-- --		
Caribbean										
Barbados	236	241	246	251	255	259	1.4	1.0	1.1	1.9
Antilles, Meth. 5/	194	197	202	206	210	214	1.8	1.8	1.4	2.0
Bahamas	108	111	114	117	120	123	2.8	2.9	2.9	2.7
Bermuda	45	45	46	47	49	50	2.1	2.6	1.4	2.2
Leeward and										
Windward Isl.	453	463	472	482	493	504	1.6	1.2	1.5	2.2
West Indies, Fr. 6/	561	575	590	605	621	637	2.5	2.6	2.4	2.1
Total	1,597	1,632	1,670	1,708	1,748	1,787	2.0	1.8	1.8	2.6
South America										
Guyana 1/	577	594	612	629	647	665	2.8	2.7	3.0	2.8
French Guiana	34	35	36	37	38	39	1.6	.7	1.3	2.9
Surinam	317	326	335	345	355	365	2.8	2.7	2.8	2.9
Total	928	955	983	1,011	1,040	1,069	2.8	2.6	2.9	2.8

Footnotes on Table 13.

Table 12.--POPULATION: ASIA, 1950-1966

AREA	1950	1951	1952	1953	1954	1955	1956	1957	1958	1959	1960	1961
SOUTH ASIA												
India 1/ 7/	353,197	360,403	367,759	375,265	382,784	390,009	397,636	405,675	414,167	423,124	432,568	442,573
Pakistan 1/	79,523	81,396	83,311	85,273	87,280	89,275	91,330	93,430	95,575	97,770	100,165	102,770
Ceylon	7,678	7,877	8,081	8,291	8,520	8,723	8,929	9,165	9,388	9,625	9,896	10,168
Nepal	7,944	8,048	8,152	8,257	8,445	8,555	8,666	8,787	8,910	9,044	9,180	9,388
Afghanistan	11,266	11,473	11,683	11,897	12,115	12,330	12,550	12,775	13,000	13,350	13,799	14,042
Bhutan	584	590	600	608	617	627	637	648	660	673	686	700
Sikkim	137	138	140	142	144	146	148	151	153	156	159	162
TOTAL	460,329	469,925	479,726	489,733	499,905	509,665	519,896	530,631	541,853	553,742	566,453	579,803
SOUTH EAST ASIA												
Thailand 1/	20,876	21,411	21,960	22,523	23,101	23,655	24,246	24,853	25,500	26,214	27,000	27,837
Burma 1/	18,489	18,840	19,198	19,562	19,968	20,347	20,734	21,128	21,529	21,938	22,355	22,780
S. Vietnam 1/	9,527	9,945	10,381	10,836	11,311	12,408	12,706	13,011	13,310	13,789	14,100	14,494
Cambodia 1/	4,411	4,511	4,612	4,716	4,829	4,942	5,054	5,167	5,280	5,393	5,506	5,619
Laos	1,841	1,886	1,933	1,980	2,029	2,078	2,128	2,179	2,231	2,285	2,340	2,396
TOTAL	55,144	56,593	58,084	59,617	61,002	63,210	64,668	66,161	67,710	69,316	71,235	73,107
OTHER EAST ASIA												
Philippines 1/	20,316	20,925	21,552	22,198	22,869	23,568	24,288	25,030	25,795	26,584	27,410	28,313
Taiwan 1/	8,061	8,328	8,603	8,887	9,181	9,501	9,823	10,099	10,431	10,769	11,105	11,440
So. Korea 1/	20,513	20,700	20,913	21,115	20,919	21,526	22,042	22,677	23,330	24,003	24,695	25,402
Hong Kong	1,843	1,946	2,055	2,170	2,291	2,370	2,491	2,648	2,818	2,940	3,064	3,184
Macao	158	159	160	162	163	164	165	166	167	168	169	170
Ryukyu Isl.	699	720	740	756	778	798	813	829	843	863	876	889
Maldives Isl.	77	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	85	87	89	91
TOTAL	51,667	52,855	54,101	55,367	56,281	58,008	59,644	61,532	63,466	65,414	67,408	69,489
Footnotes on Table 13.												

Table 12.--POPULATION: ASIA, 1950-1966 - Con't.

AREA	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967	Annual Growth Rate			
	Mid-year estimates in thousands						1950-65	1950-55	1955-60	1960-65
Percent										
SOUTH ASIA										
India 1/ 1/	453,241	464,165	475,353	486,810	498,680		2.2	2.0	2.1	2.1
Pakistan 1/	105,440	108,175	110,985	113,925	117,000		2.4	2.3	2.3	2.2
Ceylon 1/	10,443	10,625	10,971	11,232	11,550		2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6
Nepal	9,550	9,700	9,920	10,100	10,300		1.6	1.5	1.4	1.9
Afghanistan	14,287	14,537	14,792	15,051	15,352		1.9	2.1	2.3	1.8
Bhutan	717	733	750	770	790		1.9	1.4	1.8	2.3
Sikkim	166	170	173	176	179		1.7	1.3	1.7	2.0
TOTAL	593,844	608,105	622,944	638,064	653,851		2.2	2.1	2.1	2.4
SOUTH EAST ASIA										
Thailand 1/	28,699	29,589	30,506	31,452	32,407		2.8	2.5	2.7	3.1
Burma 1/	23,253	23,735	24,229	24,732	25,246		1.9	1.9	1.9	2.0
S. Vietnam 1/	14,929	15,317	15,715	16,124	16,543		3.6	5.4	2.6	2.9
Cambodia 1/	5,770	5,892	6,022	6,115	6,320		2.2	1.4	2.9	2.4
Laos	2,453	2,512	2,572	2,634	2,697		2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4
TOTAL	75,104	77,045	79,044	81,057	83,213		2.6	2.8	2.4	2.6
OTHER EAST ASIA										
Philippines 1/	29,257	30,241	31,270	32,345	33,477		3.2	3.0	3.1	3.4
Taiwan 1/	11,776	12,105	12,444	12,963	13,326		3.2	3.3	3.1	3.1
So. Korea 1/	26,125	26,868	27,631	28,377	29,086		2.2	1.0	2.8	2.8
Hong Kong	3,401	3,576	3,679	3,804	3,836		4.9	2.4	5.3	4.4
Macau	171	173	174	175	177		.7	.7	.6	.7
Ryukyu Isl.	900	912	923	931	945		1.9	2.7	1.9	1.2
Maldiva Isl.	93	95	97	98	100		1.6	1.0	1.9	1.9
TOTAL	71,733	73,970	76,218	78,693	80,942		2.8	2.3	3.1	3.1

Footnotes on Table 13:

Footnotes on Table 13:

Table 13.--POPULATION: OTHER ASIA AND OCEANIA, 1950-1966

AREA	1950	1951	1952	1953	1954	1955	1956	1957	1958	1959	1960
OTHER ASIA & OCEANIA	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	Mid year estimates	in thousands					
Indonesia 1/8/	75,133	76,823	78,551	80,318	82,125	83,858	85,654	87,514	89,441	91,438	93,506
Malaysia - West 1/	5,190	5,315	5,439	5,613	5,775	5,923	6,093	6,290	6,499	6,698	6,909
Sabah/Sarawak	935	957	979	1,002	1,026	1,050	1,075	1,100	1,130	1,170	1,199
Singapore	1,022	1,074	1,129	1,187	1,248	1,306	1,372	1,446	1,514	1,580	1,634
America Samoa	19	19	19	19	20	20	20	20	21	20	20
Solomon Isl., British	100	102	104	106	108	110	113	115	117	120	122
Christmas Isl.	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3
Cocos Isl.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Cook Isl.	15	15	15	15	16	16	16	17	18	18	18
Fiji Isl.	289	298	307	318	328	339	346	354	368	381	394
French Polynesia	61	62	64	66	67	69	71	73	75	77	79
Gilbert-Ellice Isl.	38	38	38	39	39	41	42	43	44	45	46
Guam	60	62	64	69	67	69	69	67	67	68	67
Nauru	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	4
New Caledonia	58	59	61	63	64	66	68	70	72	74	77
New Guinea	1,080	1,100	1,122	1,155	1,207	1,254	1,287	1,312	1,341	1,376	1,402
New Hebrides	49	50	51	53	53	55	56	58	59	60	62
Niue	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Norfolk Isl.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Pacific Isl.'s	57	58	60	61	63	66	68	69	71	74	77
Papua	373	373	374	397	425	446	452	467	486	497	503
Tokelau Isl.	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Tonga	48	49	50	52	53	55	57	59	60	61	63
Western Samoa	78	81	84	90	93	95	98	100	103	107	110
Brunei	46	47	49	52	58	62	67	72	77	80	84
Port. Timor	442	446	450	456	465	472	483	491	498	506	513
TOTAL	85,105	87,040	89,024	91,145	93,314	95,387	97,522	99,753	102,076	104,466	106,901

World Population Projections, 1965-1980

Assumptions regarding population growth are of utmost importance in analysis of demand prospects for the agricultural exports of less developed countries. However, original research on population growth is not within the scope of this study. Consequently, population growth rates that will be used in the various commodity demand analyses and are presented in the following table were based on the population projections of the United Nations (UN), the Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO), and the Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD). Population projections contained in the long-term supply and demand studies of the USDA were also used when necessary to complete or to make modification of the above series.

During the past fifteen years, the Population Division of the United Nations has been preparing projections for the world and selected regions. The most recent of these studies is World Population Prospects as Assessed in 1963. This report is based on the data available up to 1963. The projections contained in this report have been widely adopted throughout the world.

The above UN publications contain population projections for major regions of the world for the period 1960-2000 at decennial intervals and projections for individual countries for the period 1960-80 at five-year intervals. The major portion of the projections adopted for this demand study was obtained from the UN report. However, it proved necessary to adjust these UN projections in proportion to the difference between the 1965 figures as projected by the UN and the 1965 figures as contained in

the historical population time series developed for this study. The methodology used by the United Nations in developing their projections is contained in the following section.

In 1967, FAO published a report entitled Agricultural Commodities - Projections for 1975 and 1985, which included nearly all of the population projections in the above UN report. However, FAO made some modifications in the growth rates for several countries on the basis of more recent census data. Most of the modifications were included in the following population data.

The report of the Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development entitled, Demographic Trends 1965-80 in Western Europe and North America was used for making adjustments in the projection of 6 countries (West Germany, Sweden, Switzerland, United Kingdom, Greece, and Ireland) since this report makes new projections for the 1965-80 period. This report evaluates the accuracy of the projections made by OECD for the 1956-76 period.

Estimates of population projection used in the USDA long-term supply and demand studies were a most useful reference in the determinations made where other than UN projections were used. These projections were adopted for one country (Turkey).

Methodology of the United Nations Report on World Population
Prospects as Assessed in 1963 3/

Official data on population size, age-sex composition, levels of fertility and mortality, and migration, as found in the United Nations' statistical publications, 4/ were utilized, where reliable, in preparation of the following population projections. For many parts of the world, however, a considerable adjustment of basic demographic data had to be made before they could be utilized in the projections. 5/ Where registration statistics were missing or obviously deficient, analytical methods 6/ were utilized to estimate the level of fertility. Conversely, when the levels of fertility and mortality were known or reliably estimated, but the age composition was deficient or lacking, analytical methods 7/ were again used to construct a model age distribution.

The world was divided into twenty-four geographical regions in the UN publications on the basis of demographic characteristics and the degree of accuracy of demographic statistics. In this manner, countries could be grouped into the categories of developed and developing areas. In each of

3/ Source: El-Badry, M.A. "Population Projections for the World, Developed and Developing Regions: 1965-2000", The Annals of the American Academy of Political and Social Science - World Population, Volume 369, January 1967, pp. 9-15.

4/ Particularly the Demographic Yearbooks, the Population and Vital Statistics Reports (Statistical Papers, Series A), and the Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

5/ An important adjustment is that of the under-enumerations of children aged 0-4 years, which is considerable in some censuses and surveys. One method of correcting this deficiency is to estimate the original size of the birth cohort (during the five years preceding the census) and to subtract from it the estimated number of deaths that took place among the cohort. For a discussion of basic methods of adjusting demographic statistics see: United Nations, Methods of Population Projections by Sex and Age (Sales No.: 56.XIII.3).

6/ Mainly the "reverse projection" method, whereby the number of children enumerated in the census is augmented by the inverse of the probability of their survival since their birth in order to estimate the total size of their birth cohort, and hence the birth rate.

7/ Mainly the stable-population method.

these twenty-four regions, projections up to the year 2000 were carried out as follows: (1) appropriate model life tables, giving the probabilities of survival during a five-year period for persons of different age-sex groups, ^{8/} were applied to the initial age-sex distribution of 1960 to give the number of survivors in these groups in 1965; (2) the number of children below five years of age in 1965 was derived from the number of births during 1960-1965 and multiplied by the model-life-table probability of survival from birth to the 0-4 age group. The number of births itself is estimated by applying certain weights to the number of females in the childbearing age groups; ^{9/} (3) an adjustment was made in the total projected population in the regions where international migration is still sizeable; (4) this adjustment was repeated for consecutive five-year periods until 2000, in accordance with the following assumptions concerning mortality, fertility, and migration:

- A. Mortality: it was assumed that a given population would gain annually an average of half a year in life expectation at birth until this life expectation attains 55 years; this gain would be slightly accelerated between 55 and 65 years, but slowing down and becoming almost negligible when the expectation has risen above 74 years. ^{10/} This general pattern

^{8/} These model life tables were prepared on the basis of reliable life tables that had been prepared for countries in different parts of the world. The model tables are identified by the corresponding expectation of life at birth (both sexes) in years. See: United Nations, Methods of Population Projections by Sex and Age, op. cit.

^{9/} The weights are normally the age-specific fertility rates. The United Nations Population Division has been using simpler weights, however, whose application leads to the "sex-age adjusted birth rate" rather than to the ordinary crude birth rate (Ibid., p. 42).

^{10/} Ibid., p. 28.

is based on the observed rapid decrease in mortality which is now occurring in developing countries, and also on the experience of developed countries where mortality rates have improved. Different projections were obtained in a few regions since more than one set of rates of decline were assumed.

B. Fertility: Projections of fertility are much more difficult than for mortality because the factors and their interaction that influence fertility are not sufficiently understood to predict future fertility rates. One of these difficulties would be the prediction of the timing and adoption of population control programs in each of the developing regions. The experience of the developed areas of the world is not very decisive in this respect, since the fertility declines which have taken place have occurred at different times and at different speeds.

For many of the regions in which fertility has not yet started to decline, the general assumption made in the United Nations projections was that once it starts to decline, it takes thirty years to drop to half its original level. ^{11/} As to the speculative date of onset, different assumptions were made for each region. ^{12/} Consequently, these different dates

^{11/} This period was extended to 45 or 60 years in some instances.

^{12/} In making these assumptions, evidence of economic and social changes as well as of the existence of public policies was taken into consideration.

combined with the different assumptions concerning the duration of decline gave rise to "high," "medium," and "low" projections. In the developed regions, where the recent fertility levels have proved to be rather unstable, corresponding "high" and "low" assumptions have been made to take account of the possibility of future variations within the already observed range. A "high," "medium," and "low" projection as well as a "continued recent trends variant" was calculated for the regions up to the year 2000. Projections for individual countries were made only through 1980. The "medium" assumption has generally been formulated with reference to assumptions made in the available national projections.

- C. Migration: This factor was introduced only into the projections of the regions of Europe, the Americas, and Oceania. ^{13/} It was assumed that migratory balances would remain at a constant level up to 1980, after which they would diminish linearly to zero by the end of the century. Adjustments in the projected total population which arise from migration were also calculated according to a greatly simplified model. ^{14/}

^{13/} It was assumed that between 1960 and 1980 the annual emigration from Europe would be 230,000 individuals. The assumption comprises a net annual immigration of 40,000 (mostly from Europe) to Temperate South America, and an equally large emigration (mostly to the United States) from the Caribbean and the Middle American Mainland.

^{14/} It was assumed that an annual migratory balance of 1,000 individuals would entail, within a ten-year period, a demographic gain (or loss) of 12,000 individuals and that by the end of three subsequent ten-year periods this amount would increase to 15,000, 18,000, and 20,000 respectively.

Table 14.--Population: World total by regions, percentage basis 1965
and projections for 1970, 1975, and 1980

REGIONS	1965	1970	1975	1980
<u>DEVELOPED COUNTRIES</u>				
United States	5.8	5.6	5.4	5.3
Canada	.6	.6	.6	.6
Japan	2.9	2.8	2.6	2.5
South Africa, Rep.	.5	.6	.6	.6
EEC	5.4	5.1	4.7	4.4
EFTA	2.8	2.6	2.5	2.3
Other Western Europe	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.2
Oceania	.4	.4	.4	.4
Total	19.9	19.1	18.1	17.3
<u>CENTRALLY PLANNED COUNTRIES</u>				
USSR	6.9	6.6	6.4	6.1
Eastern Europe	3.6	3.4	3.2	3.1
Communist Asia	23.7	23.7	23.8	23.8
Total	34.2	33.7	33.4	33.0
<u>DEVELOPING COUNTRIES</u>				
East Africa	2.5	2.5	2.6	2.7
West Africa	3.9	4.0	4.2	4.3
North Africa	2.2	2.3	2.4	2.5
Total	8.6	8.8	9.2	9.5
Mexico	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6
Central America	.4	.5	.5	.5
Caribbean	.7	.7	.7	.7
South America	4.9	5.1	5.3	5.5
Total	7.3	7.7	8.0	8.3
West Asia	2.6	2.7	2.8	3.1
South Asia	19.0	19.4	19.6	19.6
South East Asia	2.4	2.5	2.6	2.6
Other East Asia	2.4	2.5	2.6	2.7
Other Asia and Oceania	3.6	3.6	3.7	3.9
Total	30.0	30.7	31.3	31.9
Total Developing Countries	45.9	47.2	48.5	49.7
World Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Table 15.--Population: World totals, 1965 and projections for 1970, 1975, and 1980

Regions	1965	1970	1975	1980	Percent growth per year		
		-Thousands-			1965-70	1970-75	1975-80
DEVELOPED COUNTRIES							
United States	194,572	207,725	223,180	241,079	1.3	1.4	1.6
Canada	19,604	21,451	23,581	26,024	1.8	1.9	2.0
Japan	97,960	101,918	106,647	111,563	.8	.9	.9
South Africa, Rep.	17,867	20,018	22,650	26,000	2.3	2.5	2.8
EEC	181,594	187,591	193,182	198,385	.6	.6	.6
EFTA	93,243	96,420	99,701	103,037	.7	.7	.7
Other Western Europe	49,036	50,999	52,957	55,142	.8	.7	.8
Oceania	14,000	15,227	16,554	18,216	1.7	1.7	1.9
Total	667,876	701,349	738,452	779,446	1.0	1.0	1.1
CENTRALLY PLANNED COUNTRIES							
USSR	230,600	245,266	260,350	277,325	1.3	1.2	1.3
Eastern Europe	121,430	127,179	133,083	138,763	.9	.9	.8
Communist Asia	795,604	878,983	971,117	1077,064	2.0	2.0	2.1
Total	1147,634	1251,428	1364,550	1493,152	1.8	1.8	1.8
DEVELOPING COUNTRIES							
East Africa	84,890	94,648	107,085	121,157	2.2	2.5	2.4
West Africa	132,564	149,546	170,021	194,463	2.5	2.6	2.7
North Africa	74,606	86,016	99,580	115,284	2.8	3.0	3.0
Total	292,060	330,210	376,686	430,904	2.5	2.7	2.7
Mexico	42,689	50,744	60,568	72,676	3.5	3.6	3.7
Central America	14,338	16,839	19,806	23,327	3.3	3.3	3.4
Caribbean	23,051	25,819	28,949	32,505	2.3	2.3	2.4
South America	166,046	189,548	216,571	247,185	2.7	2.7	2.7
Total	246,124	282,950	325,894	375,693	2.8	2.9	2.9
West Asia	87,877	100,790	115,533	138,748	2.5	2.8	2.9
South Asia	638,064	717,235	800,584	885,869	2.4	2.2	2.0
South East Asia	81,057	92,157	104,267	117,969	2.6	2.5	2.5
Other East Asia	78,693	91,599	106,593	123,988	3.1	3.1	3.1
Other Asia and Oceania	119,904	134,734	151,915	174,932	2.4	2.4	2.9
Total	1005,595	1136,515	1278,892	1441,506	2.5	2.4	2.4
Total Developing Countries	1543,779	1749,675	1981,472	2248,103	2.5	2.5	2.6
World Total	3359,289	3702,452	4084,474	4520,701	2.0	2.0	2.0

Footnotes on Table 23.

Table 16 --Population: Developed regions, 1965 and projections for 1970, 1975, and 1980

Area	1965	1970	1975	1980	1970 1965-100	Index numbers 1970=100	1975 1970=100	1980 1975=100	1980 1965-100	1965-70 Percent growth per year	1975-80 Percent growth per year	1980 1975-80
United States	194,572	207,725	223,180	241,079	106.8	107.4	108.0	108.0	123.9	1.3	1.4	1.4
Canada	19,604	21,451	23,581	26,024	109.4	109.9	110.4	110.4	132.7	1.8	1.9	1.9
Japan	97,960	101,918	106,647	111,563	104.0	104.6	104.6	104.6	113.9	.8	.9	.8
South Africa, Rep.	17,867	20,554	23,292	26,676	115.0	113.3	114.5	114.5	149.3	2.9	2.5	2.7
EEC												
Belgium	9,460	9,682	9,955	10,208	102.4	102.8	102.5	102.5	107.9	.5	.6	.5
Luxembourg	335	343	352	360	102.5	102.7	102.3	102.3	107.5	.5	.6	.5
France	48,920	50,662	52,709	54,501	103.6	104.0	103.4	103.4	111.4	.7	.8	.7
Germany, W. 1/	59,012	60,717	61,610	62,287	102.9	101.5	101.1	101.1	105.6	.6	.3	.4
Italy	51,575	53,288	54,999	56,814	103.3	103.2	103.3	103.3	110.2	.7	.6	.7
Netherlands	12,292	12,899	13,557	14,215	104.9	105.1	104.8	104.8	115.6	1.0	1.0	1.0
Total	181,594	187,591	193,182	198,385	103.3	103.0	102.7	102.7	109.2	.6	.6	.6
EFTA												
Austria	7,255	7,300	7,335	7,380	100.6	100.8	100.6	100.6	101.7	.1	.1	.1
Denmark	4,757	4,918	5,069	5,230	103.4	103.1	103.2	103.2	109.9	.6	.6	.7
Norway	3,723	3,888	4,068	4,238	104.4	104.6	104.2	104.2	113.8	.9	.9	.9
Portugal	9,234	9,420	9,610	9,804	102.0	102.0	102.0	102.0	106.2	.4	.4	.4
Sweden 1/	7,734	8,050	8,383	8,701	104.1	104.1	103.8	103.8	112.5	.8	.8	.8
Switzerland 1/	5,945	6,234	6,581	6,994	104.9	105.6	106.3	106.3	117.6	.9	1.1	1.1
United Kingdom 1/	54,595	56,610	58,655	60,690	103.7	103.6	103.5	103.5	111.2	.7	.7	.7
Total	93,243	96,420	99,701	103,037	103.4	103.4	103.3	103.3	110.5	.7	.7	.7
Total minus U.K.	38,648	39,810	41,046	42,347	103.0	103.1	103.2	103.2	109.6	.6	.6	.6
OTHER WESTERN EUROPE												
Cyprus	594	615	635	665	103.5	103.2	104.7	104.7	112.0	.7	.6	.8
Finland	4,612	4,811	5,030	5,229	104.3	104.6	104.0	104.0	113.4	.8	.9	.8
Greece 1/	8,550	8,772	8,903	9,104	102.6	101.5	102.3	102.3	106.5	.5	.3	.4
Iceland	192	207	222	237	107.9	107.3	106.8	106.8	123.7	1.5	1.5	1.4
Ireland 1/	2,874	2,965	3,127	3,355	103.2	105.5	107.3	107.3	116.8	.6	1.1	1.0
Malta	319	331	340	349	103.9	102.9	102.8	102.8	109.8	.8	.6	.7
Spain	31,604	33,001	34,397	35,893	104.4	104.2	104.4	104.4	113.6	.9	.8	.8
Other 2/	291	297	303	310	102.1	102.0	102.3	102.3	106.5	.4	.4	.4
Total	49,036	50,999	52,957	55,142	104.0	103.9	104.1	104.1	112.5	.8	.7	.8
OCEANIA												
Australia	11,360	12,304	13,313	14,576	108.3	108.2	109.5	109.5	128.3	1.6	1.6	1.7
New Zealand	2,640	2,923	3,241	3,640	110.7	110.9	112.3	112.3	137.9	2.1	2.1	2.3
Total	14,000	15,227	16,554	18,216	108.8	108.7	110.0	110.0	130.1	1.7	1.7	1.8

Footnotes on Table 23.

Table 17.--Population: Centrally Planned Countries, 1965 and projections for 1970, 1975 and 1980

AREA	1965	1970	1975	1980	1970 1965=100	1975 1970=100	1980 1975=100	1980 1965=100	1965-70 -Percent growth	1970-75 growth	1975-80 per year	1965-80 - - -
USSR	230,600	245,266	260,350	277,325	106.4	106.2	106.5	120.3	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.3
EASTERN EUROPE												
Yugoslavia	19,507	20,659	21,708	22,759	105.9	105.1	104.8	116.7	1.2	1.0	.9	.8
Albania	1,865	2,201	2,597	2,968	118.0	118.0	114.3	159.2	3.4	3.3	2.7	3.1
Bulgaria	8,200	8,549	8,898	9,247	104.3	104.1	103.9	112.8	.8	.8	.8	.8
Czechoslovakia	14,159	14,710	15,312	15,839	103.9	104.1	103.4	111.9	.8	.8	.7	.8
E. Germany	17,028	17,176	17,274	17,372	100.9	100.6	100.6	102.0	.2	.1	.1	.1
Hungary	10,148	10,299	10,473	10,672	101.5	101.7	101.9	105.2	.3	.4	.4	.3
Poland	31,496	33,597	35,898	37,998	106.7	106.8	105.8	120.6	1.3	1.3	1.1	1.2
Rumania	19,027	19,988	20,923	21,908	105.0	104.7	104.7	115.1	1.0	.9	2.2	1.3
Total	121,430	127,179	133,083	138,763	104.7	104.6	104.3	114.3	.9	.9	.8	.9
COMMUNIST ASIA												
China Mainland	764,000	843,532	931,344	1,033,326	110.4	110.4	111.0	135.2	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.0
N. Korea 3/	12,100	13,756	15,639	17,351	113.7	113.7	111.0	143.4	2.6	2.6	2.1	2.5
Mongolia 3/	1,104	1,280	1,484	1,746	115.9	115.9	117.6	158.2	3.0	3.0	3.3	3.1
N. Vietnam 3/	18,400	20,415	22,650	24,641	111.0	111.0	108.8	133.9	2.1	2.1	1.7	1.9
Total	795,604	878,983	971,117	1,077,064	110.5	110.5	110.9	135.4	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.0

Footnotes on Table 23.

Table 18.--Population: West Africa, 1965 and projections for 1970, 1975, and 1980

AREA	1965	1970	1975	1980	1970 1965=100	1975 1970=100	1980 1975=100	1980 1965=100	1965-70	1970-75	1975-80	1965-80
	- - - -	- - - -1,000	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -Percent growth per year	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -
WEST AFRICA												
Angola	5,154	5,459	5,853	6,273	105.9	107.2	107.2	121.7	1.2	1.4	1.4	1.3
Cameroun	5,209	5,524	5,946	6,476	106.0	107.6	108.9	124.3	1.2	1.5	1.8	1.4
Cent. Afr. Rep.	1,352	1,431	1,537	1,680	105.9	107.4	109.3	124.2	1.2	1.3	1.8	1.5
Chad	3,390	3,673	4,033	4,499	108.4	109.8	111.6	132.7	1.6	1.9	2.2	1.9
Congo, Braz.	985	1,054	1,146	1,261	107.0	108.7	110.0	128.1	1.4	1.7	1.9	1.6
Congo, Kin.	15,908	17,399	19,492	22,359	109.4	112.0	114.7	140.5	1.8	2.3	2.8	2.3
Dahomey 3/	2,365	2,715	3,117	3,544	114.8	114.8	113.7	149.8	2.8	2.8	2.6	2.8
Gabon	463	478	493	518	103.3	103.2	105.2	112.1	.7	.6	1.0	.8
Ghana	7,740	8,975	10,408	12,143	116.0	116.0	116.7	156.9	3.0	3.0	3.1	3.0
Guinea	3,523	3,931	4,440	5,098	111.5	112.9	114.8	144.6	2.2	2.4	2.8	2.5
Ivory Coast	3,835	4,234	4,741	5,388	110.4	112.0	113.6	140.5	2.0	2.3	2.6	2.3
Liberia	1,070	1,132	1,194	1,266	105.8	105.4	106.0	118.3	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.1
Mali	4,576	5,057	5,675	6,481	110.5	112.2	114.2	141.6	2.0	2.3	2.7	2.3
Mauritania 3/	920	1,036	1,166	1,332	112.6	112.6	114.2	144.8	2.4	2.4	2.7	2.5
Niger	3,328	3,691	4,160	4,757	110.9	112.7	114.4	143.0	2.1	2.4	2.7	2.4
Nigeria	58,476	68,054	79,147	91,747	116.4	116.3	115.9	156.9	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1
Senegal	3,490	3,784	4,161	4,648	108.4	110.0	111.7	133.2	1.6	1.9	2.2	1.9
Sierra Leone	2,290	2,535	2,797	3,093	110.7	110.3	110.6	135.1	2.1	2.0	2.0	2.0
Togo	1,638	1,819	2,057	2,368	111.1	113.1	115.1	144.6	2.1	2.5	2.9	2.5
Upper Volta	4,858	5,278	5,827	6,516	108.6	110.4	111.8	134.2	1.7	2.0	2.3	2.0
(Cape Verde Is.	232											
(Equator. Guinea	267											
(Port. Guinea	527											
(St. Helena	5											
(Sao Tome & Prin.	59											
(S. West Africa	574											
(Gambia	330											
(Other	1,994	2,287	2,631	3,016	114.7	115.0	114.6	151.3	2.8	2.9	2.8	2.8
Total	132,564	149,546	170,021	194,463	112.8	113.7	114.4	146.7	2.5	2.6	2.7	2.6

Footnotes on Table 23.

Table 19. --Population: East Africa, 1965 and projections for 1970, 1975 and 1980

AREA	1965	1970	1975	1980	1970 1965=100	1975 1970=100	1980 1975=100	1980 1965=100	1965-70 Percent growth per year	1970-75 Percent growth per year	1975-80 Percent growth per year	1965-80 Percent growth per year
	- - - -	- - 1,000	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -
EAST AFRICA												
Ethiopia	20,175	22,031	24,351	26,903	109.2	110.5	110.5	133.3	1.8	2.0	2.0	1.9
Kenya	9,365	10,485	12,012	13,844	112.0	114.6	115.2	147.8	2.3	2.8	2.9	2.6
Uganda B/	7,551	8,337	9,205	10,213	110.4	110.4	111.0	135.2	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.0
Tanzania	10,520	11,671	13,060	14,656	110.9	111.9	112.2	139.3	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.2
Rwanda B/	3,110	3,553	4,059	4,615	114.2	114.2	113.7	148.4	2.7	2.7	2.6	2.7
Burundi	3,210	3,650	4,150	4,718	113.7	113.7	113.7	147.0	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6
Mozambique	6,956	7,527	8,222	8,992	108.2	109.2	109.4	129.3	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.7
Madagascar 3/	6,420	7,193	8,059	9,118	112.0	112.0	113.1	142.0	2.3	2.3	2.5	2.4
Somali Rep.	2,500	2,740	3,026	3,340	109.6	110.4	110.4	133.6	1.8	2.0	2.0	2.0
Malawi	3,940											
Rhodesia	4,260	14,009	16,719	19,761	117.6	119.3	118.2	165.2	3.3	3.6	3.4	3.4
Zambia	3,710											
Botswana	559											
Comoro Is.	217											
Fr. Somaliland	83											
Lesotho	838											
Mauritius	741											
Reunion	396											
Seychelles	47											
Swaziland	292											
(Other	3,173	3,520	3,905	4,375	110.9	110.9	112.0	137.9	2.1	2.1	2.3	2.2
Total	84,890	94,648	107,085	121,157	111.5	113.1	113.1	142.7	2.2	2.5	2.5	2.4

Footnotes on Table 23.

Table 20.--Population: North Africa and West Asia, 1965, and projections for 1970, 1975, and 1980

AREA	1965	1970	1975	1980	1970 1965=100	1975 1970=100	1980 1975=100	1980 1965=100	1965-70 - Percent growth	1970-75 per year-	1975-80 per year-	1965-80 per year-
NORTH AFRICA												
U.A.R. 3/	29,600	34,268	39,881	46,437	115.8	116.4	116.4	156.9	3.0	3.1	3.1	3.0
Sudan	13,540	15,319	17,332	19,514	113.1	113.1	112.6	144.1	2.5	2.5	2.4	2.5
Algeria	11,871	13,695	15,876	18,405	115.4	115.9	115.9	155.0	2.9	3.0	3.0	2.9
Morocco	13,323	15,675	18,515	21,944	117.7	118.1	118.5	164.7	3.3	3.4	3.4	3.4
Tunisia	4,414	4,921	5,514	6,178	111.5	112.1	112.0	140.0	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.3
Libya 3/	1,617	1,875	2,174	2,496	115.9	115.9	114.8	154.4	3.0	3.0	2.8	2.9
(Ifni	53											
(Spanish Sahara	29											
(Spanish N.Africa) 3/	159											
(Other	241	263	298	310	109.3	109.3	107.7	128.6	1.8	1.8	1.5	1.7
Total	74,606	86,016	99,580	115,284	114.9	115.8	115.8	154.0	2.8	3.0	3.0	2.9
WEST ASIA												
Iran	24,700	27,810	31,618	36,123	112.6	113.7	114.2	146.2	2.4	2.6	2.7	2.6
Iraq	8,180	9,668	11,483	13,837	118.2	118.8	120.5	169.2	3.4	3.5	3.8	3.5
Israel 4/	2,563	2,840	3,122	3,411	110.8	109.9	109.2	133.1	2.1	1.9	1.9	1.9
Turkey	31,150	35,072	40,265	46,002	112.6	114.8	114.2	147.7	2.4	2.8	2.7	2.6
Syrian Arab Rep.	5,356	6,270	7,483	8,974	117.1	119.3	119.9	167.6	3.2	3.6	3.7	3.5
Jordan	1,897	2,231	2,649	3,161	117.6	118.7	119.3	166.6	3.3	3.5	3.6	3.5
Lebanon	2,565	2,945	3,381	3,882	114.8	114.8	114.8	151.3	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8
Saudi Arabia 3/	4,300	4,771	5,293	5,930	111.0	111.0	112.0	137.9	2.1	2.1	2.3	2.1
Yemen 3/	4,080	4,549	5,072	5,711	111.5	111.5	112.6	140.0	2.2	2.2	2.4	2.2
(Bahrain	185											
(Kuwait	475											
(Muscat & Oman	686											
(Gaza Strip	440											
(Qatar	60											
(Trucial States	115											
(Southern Yemen	1,125											
(Other	3,086	3,441	3,837	4,341	111.5	111.5	113.1	140.7	2.2	2.2	2.5	2.3
Total	87,877	99,597	114,203	131,372	113.3	114.6	115.0	149.5	2.5	2.8	2.9	2.7

Footnotes on Table 23.

Table 21.--Population: Latin America, 1965 and projections for 1970, 1975 and 1980

AREA	1965	1970	1975	1980	1970 1965=100	1975 1970=100	1980 1975=100	1980 1965=100	1965-70	1970-75	1975-80	1965-80
	- - - -	- - - 1,000 - - -	- - -	- - -	- - - -	Index numbers	- - -	- - -	- -	Percent growth per year	- -	- -
Mexico	42,689	50,744	60,568	72,676	118.9	119.4	120.0	170.2	3.5	3.6	3.7	3.6
CENTRAL AMERICA												
Costa Rica	1,501	1,811	2,160	2,550	120.6	119.3	118.1	169.9	3.8	3.6	3.4	3.6
El Salvador	2,914	3,410	3,992	4,673	117.0	117.1	117.0	160.4	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2
Guatemala	4,618	5,352	6,239	7,314	115.9	116.6	117.2	158.4	3.0	3.1	3.2	3.1
Honduras	2,263	2,688	3,192	3,791	118.8	118.8	118.8	167.6	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5
Nicaragua	1,655	1,966	2,335	2,773	118.8	118.8	118.8	167.5	3.5	3.5	3.4	3.5
Panama	1,246	1,454	1,708	2,017	116.7	117.5	118.1	162.0	3.1	3.3	3.4	3.3
Br. Honduras	106	123	145	174	116.2	118.0	120.1	164.8	3.0	3.4	3.8	3.4
Canal Zone	35	35	35	35	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	.1	.1	.1	.1
Total	14,338	16,839	19,806	23,327	117.5	117.6	117.8	162.7	3.3	3.3	3.4	3.3
CARIBBEAN												
Jamaica	1,787	1,912	2,037	2,162	107.0	106.5	106.1	120.9	1.4	1.3	1.2	1.2
Haiti	4,660	5,272	6,021	6,935	113.1	114.2	115.2	148.8	2.5	2.7	2.9	2.7
F. Domin. Rep.	3,624	4,314	5,168	6,227	119.2	119.8	120.5	172.1	3.6	3.7	3.8	3.7
Puerto Rico	2,626	2,828	3,014	3,201	107.7	106.6	106.2	121.9	1.5	1.3	1.2	1.3
Trinidad & Tobago	975	1,120	1,280	1,450	114.9	114.3	113.3	148.7	2.8	2.7	2.5	2.7
Cuba	7,631	8,426	9,277	10,178	110.4	110.1	109.7	133.4	2.0	1.9	1.9	1.9
Other S/	1,748	1,947	2,152	2,352	111.4	110.5	109.3	134.6	2.2	2.0	1.8	2.0
Total	23,051	25,819	28,949	32,505	112.0	112.1	112.3	141.0	2.3	2.3	2.4	2.3
SOUTH AMERICA												
Venezuela	8,722	10,393	12,421	14,806	119.2	119.5	119.2	169.8	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6
Guianas 6/	1,040	1,203	1,406	1,654	115.7	116.8	117.7	159.0	3.0	3.2	3.3	3.1
Bolivia	4,136	4,658	5,277	6,000	112.6	113.3	113.7	145.1	2.4	2.5	2.6	2.5
Chile	8,786	9,935	11,201	12,609	113.1	112.7	112.6	143.5	2.5	2.4	2.4	2.4
Colombia	17,984	20,741	24,037	27,998	115.3	115.9	116.5	155.7	2.9	3.0	3.2	3.0
Ecuador	5,084	5,902	6,906	8,095	116.1	117.0	117.2	159.2	3.0	3.2	3.2	3.2
Peru	11,650	13,319	15,289	17,558	114.3	114.8	114.8	150.7	2.7	2.8	2.8	2.8
Paraguay	2,007	2,296	2,646	3,066	114.4	115.2	115.9	152.7	2.7	2.9	3.0	2.9
Uruguay	2,715	2,874	3,036	3,206	105.9	105.6	105.6	118.1	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.1
Brazil	81,568	93,971	108,095	123,812	115.3	115.0	114.5	151.9	2.9	2.9	2.7	2.8
Argentina	22,352	24,254	26,255	28,379	108.5	108.2	108.1	127.0	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6
Falkland Is.	2	2	2	2	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	0	0	0	0
Total	166,046	189,548	216,571	247,185	114.2	114.3	114.1	148.9	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7
Grand total	246,124	282,950	325,894	375,693	115.0	115.2	115.3	152.7	2.8	2.9	2.9	2.9

Footnotes on Table 23.

Table 22.--Population: Asia, 1965 and projections for 1970, 1975, and 1980

AREA	1965	1970	1975	1980	1970 1965=100	1975 1970=100	1980 1975=100	1980 1965=100	1965-70	1970-75	1975-80	1965-80
	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- Index -	numbers -	- - -	- - Percent growth per year	- - -	- - -	- - -
SOUTH ASIA												
India	486,810	545,063	605,456	665,941	112.0	111.1	110.9	136.8	2.3	2.2	1.9	2.1
Pakistan	113,925	130,228	147,718	165,858	114.3	113.4	112.3	145.6	2.7	2.6	2.3	2.5
Ceylon	11,232	13,070	15,279	17,889	116.4	116.9	117.1	159.3	3.1	3.2	3.2	3.2
Nepal	10,100	11,200	12,500	14,100	110.9	111.6	112.8	139.6	2.1	2.2	2.4	2.3
Afghanistan	15,051	16,660	18,544	20,910	110.7	111.3	112.8	139.0	2.1	2.2	2.4	2.2
Bhutan	770	825	884	952	107.2	107.2	107.7	123.6	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.4
Sikkim	176	189	203	219	107.2	107.2	107.7	124.4	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.4
Total	638,064	717,235	800,584	885,869	112.4	111.6	110.6	138.8	2.4	2.2	2.0	2.2
SOUTH EAST ASIA												
Thailand	31,452	36,689	42,167	48,011	116.6	114.9	113.9	152.6	3.1	2.8	2.6	2.9
Burma	24,732	27,584	30,991	35,001	111.5	112.4	112.9	141.5	2.2	2.4	2.5	2.3
S. Vietnam	16,124	17,890	19,849	21,594	111.0	111.0	108.8	133.9	2.1	2.1	1.7	1.9
Cambodia	6,115	7,020	8,099	9,389	114.7	115.3	115.9	153.5	2.8	2.9	3.0	2.9
Laos	2,634	2,951	3,306	3,740	112.0	112.0	113.1	142.0	2.3	2.3	2.5	2.3
Total	81,057	92,157	104,267	117,969	113.7	113.1	113.1	145.5	2.6	2.5	2.5	2.5
OTHER EAST ASIA												
Philippines	32,345	38,465	46,104	55,800	118.9	119.9	121.0	172.5	3.5	3.7	3.9	3.7
Taiwan	12,963	14,666	16,432	18,321	113.1	112.0	111.5	141.3	2.5	2.3	2.2	2.3
S. Korea	28,377	32,779	37,683	42,917	115.6	115.0	113.9	151.4	2.9	2.8	2.6	2.8
Hong Kong	3,804	4,405	5,006	5,507	115.8	113.6	110.0	144.7	3.0	2.6	1.9	2.5
Macau	175	175	175	175	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	.1	.1	.1	.1
Ryukyu Is.	931	1,009	1,091	1,164	108.3	108.2	106.7	125.0	1.6	1.6	1.3	1.5
Maldives Is.	98	100	102	104	102.2	102.2	102.1	106.6	.5	.4	.4	.4
Total	78,693	91,599	106,593	123,988	116.4	116.3	116.3	157.7	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1

Footnotes on Table 23.

Table 23.--Population: Other Asia and Oceania, 1965 and projections for 1970, 1975 and 1980

[illegible]

NATIONAL INCOME

Summary

Due to a lack of data a comparable historical series of national income could be developed for only a limited number of countries. As would be expected, the historical income data was most complete for the developed countries. During the historical period under review Japan had the highest annual average rate of increase in GNP with 9.7 percent. Japan was followed by the Republic of South Africa (6.8 percent), the EEC (5.8 percent), other Western Europe (4.8 percent), Canada (4.5 percent), Oceania (4.0 percent), the United States (3.9 percent), and EFTA (3.4 percent).

With respect to projections, the 1965-80 projected rate of economic growth for the developed countries is 4.2 percent compared to 5.2 percent for the centrally planned countries and 4.7 percent for the developing countries. On a per capita basis the rate of increase is 3.2 percent for the developed countries, 3.4 percent for the centrally planned countries, and 2.3 percent for the developing countries. Detailed country and regional projections are presented in Tables 42-49.

It is of interest to note that the 1965 GNP of the United States in 1958 prices (\$397.8 billion) was nearly 20 percent greater than the combined comparable GNP of the other 24 countries classified as developed in this project (\$332.6 billion). The 1965 GNP of all the countries classified as developing in this study in 1965 prices totaled \$254.9 billion. The GNP of the U.S. in 1965 prices totaled \$681.2 billion.

Historical and Projected

The rate of growth of economic activities within a country, measured through national accounts, determines to a large extent the changes in the level and pattern of consumption of various commodities.

Most of the industrialized countries began calculating their national accounts regularly after World War II. In the developing countries, too, the publication of national accounts began after World War II, but here they are often still rudimentary and irregular. For many developing countries, dependable bench-mark yearly estimates of agricultural and industrial production are not yet available. In addition, most types of economic statistics are still rudimentary and the number of personnel that can handle them is limited. Of the 70-some countries which have national account figures, only about 20 are reasonably reliable. ^{15/}

In making intercountry or interregional comparisons of national income there are, of course, various caveats of which cognizance needs to be taken. First, income levels need to be converted into some common denominator. This is usually done on the basis of the rates of exchange used in international transactions. This procedure, however, has certain defects. In many countries with a multiple or other complex system of exchange rates, there is no established rule for choosing between free market rates, official rates, or preferential and nonpreferential rates which often fluctuate from month to month and are volatile over the years. Even in countries with a single equilibrium rate of exchange (i.e. a rate which matches demand with supply of foreign currencies), this rate may not necessarily reflect the relative prices

^{15/} Beckerman, Wilfred. International Comparisons of Real Income, OECD, Paris, 1966.

or purchasing-power ratios of different countries. Secondly, while exchange rates do relate to equilibrium in foreign transactions, the bulk of goods and services consumed in a given country is not internationally traded. Therefore, exchange ratios based on international transactions are unsuitable for valuing a country's total production or consumption.

It is universally recognized that the social, political and economical institutions of various countries differ considerably. As a result, the production costs and the relative value attached to different commodities vary greatly from one country to another. This problem is inherent in the calculation of purchasing-power parities. In a pioneering study of this problem undertaken some years ago by the Organization for European Economic Cooperation (OEEC), considerably different values of the gross national product of 8 Western European countries and of the United States were arrived at, depending on the system of weights used in the calculations. ^{16/}

It is also widely recognized that international comparisons of national income, as conventionally measured, between developing and developed countries are misleading because in many underdeveloped countries much of the output does not pass through the market mechanism. It is impossible to ignore the subsistence activity of the underdeveloped countries, but almost equally impossible to bring them into the accounts in a meaningful way.

Another problem of international comparison of national income is that the centrally planned countries use national accounting systems which differ markedly from the concepts governing the composition of national income in

^{16/} Gilbert, Milton, and Kravis, Irving. An International Comparison of National Production, Purchasing Power of Currencies. OEEC, Paris, 1954.

the non-centrally planned countries. ^{18/} Also, paucity of data precludes the development of a historical time series in equivalent constant dollars for most of the centrally planned countries. ^{19/}

Because of the differences in the status of national accounts for the developed, centrally planned, and developing countries a separate historical series was developed for each group. These sets of tables are identified as Group A, B, and C. Also prepared for the developing countries was a group of tables (Group D) containing indicators of development other than national income. Finally, tables containing the rate of growth judged most feasible for each country, and corollary for each region, were developed (Group E).

Group A Tables. These tables present the gross national product and consumer expenditures of the developed countries and regions for the period 1950-65.

For the projection of demand, growth in private consumption is more relevant than that of GNP. Therefore, the historical series for each developed country and region contains data on GNP and consumer expenditures. The corresponding annual compound growth rates for the 1950-65, 1950-55, and 1955-60 periods are also presented.

The currency conversion method used is presented in the following section

Group B Tables. These tables present the available national income data of the centrally planned countries.

The definitions and concepts of national accounting, while varying

^{18/} Erlich, E. International Comparisons by Indicators Expressed in Physical Units, Acta Oeconomica Academical Scientiorum Hungarical, Vol. 2, FASC. 1-2, Budapest, 1967.

^{19/} Columbia University in the city of New York, Project on National Income in East Central Europe, has developed GNP figures for some centrally planned countries.

slightly among the countries, are similar in that they exclude nonproductive services. Therefore, of course, they cannot be directly compared with the national incomes of the non-centrally planned countries.

While the data for the various countries could not be converted into a meaningful common denominator, the individual data does provide a basis for evaluating how each individual country has been performing.

FAO has converted the 1965 national accounts of the centrally planned countries into a dollar equivalent basis. These are shown in Group E, Table 44, and are used as the departure points for the quantitative projections.

Groups C and D Tables. The Group C tables were an attempt to develop historical national income series for the developing countries. Inasmuch as income data which could be presented in a common constant price was found available for only 47 countries, the development of meaningful regional totals was not possible.

Since a meaningful historical series of national accounts could not be developed for a large number of underdeveloped countries, a criteria for identifying the ability to produce goods and services (i.e. level of development) of most underdeveloped countries was sought. It needs to be recognized that even if the national accounts of the developing countries were satisfactory and suitable adjustments could be made for differences for the purchasing power of national currencies, per capita income could not be used as the sole criterion for classifying countries by level of development. A given country can be high on the per capita income scale but may lack an industrial base (i.e. Libya) or suffer from a stagnant, if not declining export sector

(i.e. Venezuela). Another country, particularly a very populous one (i.e. India), may possess a fairly developed manufacturing sector and a diversified export structure and have a very low per capita income.

In light of these considerations the following indicators, as developed by the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development, are presented in the Group D tables for 87 developing countries:

(1) The proportion of total GDP originating in the manufacturing sector as a measure of the level of market orientated activities in an economy;

(2) Per capita energy consumption level as indicative of the level of economic infrastructure;

(3) The level of literacy as a measure of social development;

(4) The portion of manufacturers in total exports as indicative of the vulnerability of an economy in relation to the rest of the world.

Group E Tables. As with population, original research on the economic growth prospects of the countries of the world is not within the scope of this study. The projected growth rates selected were therefore obtained through a careful review of studies in this area.

A 1967 FAO report entitled Agricultural Commodities - Projections for 1975 and 1985 makes economic growth projections for all of the countries of the world which are of any significance. This report, which makes high and low projections for the 1965-75 and 1975-85 periods, provided a range of possible future growth rates. Also available from FAO were published and unpublished projections prepared for their indicative world plan.

Other studies taken into consideration included a report published by the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development in 1968 entitled Agricultural Projections. For the underdeveloped countries the USDA series of supply and demand studies on foreign countries and the findings of a study by Adelman and Morris ^{20/} were particularly useful. Consultations regarding growth projects were also held with personnel of the Foreign Regional Analysis Division and the Foreign Development and Trade Division of the Economic Research Service, USDA.

The data contained in the Group A, B, C, and D tables were, of course, also useful in selecting future rates of economic growth. Background data for the Group A and C tables include a breakdown of the national account aggregates for 85 countries. A reasonably complete series of the 1951-64 period was obtained for 70 countries (26 developed and 44 underdeveloped) and a less detailed breakdown for another 15 countries. By industrial origin this data were divided into the agricultural and nonagricultural sectors. The utilization of the accounts was divided into private consumption, government consumption expenditures, gross domestic fixed capital formation, changes in stock, exports and imports of goods and services, and indirect taxes net of subsidies. This breakdown provided a basis for evaluating the structural changes and adjustments which have been occurring in the economies of the countries concerned.

^{20/} Adelman, Irma, and Morris, Cynthia Taft. "Performance Criteria for Evaluating Economic Development Potential: An Operational Approach." The Quarterly Journal of Economics, May 1968, pp. 260-280.

Currency Conversion Methods 21/

The procedure used in this project for converting data series denominated in local currencies into a common currency differs from the most common procedure. The two methods are discussed herein. The first method, the one most commonly used, is essentially that presented in Statistics of National Product and Expenditure: 1938, 1947 to 1952, OEEC, page 305. The second method, the one selected for use in this study, is described in A Statistical Handbook of the North Atlantic Area by Bernard Mueller for the Twentieth Century Fund, 1965, pages 53 and 54. The procedures for converting a series in constant prices are the same for both. The problem is how to convert series that are presented in current prices.

The first conversion method involves converting series in current prices to the common currency using current exchange rates; i.e., the rate in effect each year. The series in constant prices is converted using a single year's exchange rate--usually the year which is chosen as the price base for the series.

The second conversion method simply calls for converting the current price series as well as the constant price series by the exchange rate prevailing in the base year.

(Note that in neither method is the constant price series converted using a current exchange rate as this would allow purely monetary changes to be reflected as volume or quantity changes).

21/ Source: Mr. George R. Kruer, International Monetary and Trade Research Branch, Foreign Development and Trade Division, Economic Research Service, USDA.

Expressions illustrating the two methods are given below and the symbols are defined as follows:

P = price
Q = quantity
E = exchange rate
o = base year
i = any other year

Method I, after conversion:

Current price series	$P_i Q_i E_i$
Constant price series	$P_o Q_i E_o$

Method II, after conversion:

Current price series	$P_i Q_i E_o$
Constant price series	$P_o Q_i E_o$

For both methods (since the constant price series is converted the same way) the quantity index is $\frac{P_o Q_i E_o}{P_o Q_o E_o}$

However, the differences begin to show up when you try to derive an implicit deflator or to analyze the current price series.

A current price series divided by a constant price series yields an implicit deflator (implicit price index), usually. Under Method I it does not. What it yields is a combination price index and exchange rate index which is really rather meaningless. The current price series divided by the constant price series as in Method II does yield an implicit deflator.

The two results are shown below:

Method I

The combined implicit deflator
and exchange rate index is $\frac{P_i Q_i E_i}{P_o Q_i E_o}$

which is the price index $\frac{P_i Q_i E_o}{P_o Q_i E_o}$

times

the exchange rate index $\frac{P_i Q_i E_i}{P_i Q_i E_o}$

Method II

The implicit deflator is $\frac{P_i Q_i E_o}{P_o Q_i E_o}$

which is the price index as under Method I since the same year's exchange rate appears in both the numerator and the denominator. When you are dealing with just one country, there is no problem on the implicit deflator since you will have it from the country's data. But when you aggregate data for individual countries to blocs, problems do arise.

Assuming that the same year has been used as a price base for each country, after conversion you can aggregate to get a total for the bloc of countries by simply summing the current price series and the constant price series. If a volume index or percent change in real terms for the bloc of countries is desired you can compute it from the aggregate constant price series derived under either Method I or Method II. The result is the same as shown by the equation for a single country's quantity index except that there would be summation signs preceding the numerator and the denominator.

But an implicit deflator cannot be derived from the summed data just, as previously noted, it could not be derived from the converted series for an individual country. But now you cannot fall back on the underlying data as was the case for a single country. To be able to get the deflator under Method I you would have to sum each country's constant price series derived using just the price index (which is Method II). But then, if you used the deflator so derived to deflate the current price series as restated in the common currency, you would not arrive at the same constant price series as you do under the straight Method I.

Another objection to the first method is that changes in exchange rates occur infrequently, particularly in developed countries, and do not reflect economic changes as of that date, but reflect changes that have built up over a long period of time and which culminate in the exchange rate adjustment. In addition, the exchange rate adjustment usually over-compensates for past economic changes in order to gain time before the next one becomes necessary. Thus, even when comparison of levels in current prices rather than aggregation is the reason for converting, it is questionable whether it is proper to have a change in relative levels occur as of a specific date. For example, does the devaluation of the Indian rupee by 36.5 percent mean that as of that date her per capita income has declined by 36.5 percent relative to other countries? No, but that is the result in terms of current prices when the converting is done by Method I.

Ideally the income data should be in constant prices, but since data in real terms isn't available for many countries, the current prices series has to be used. The question then becomes, is anything gained by using current exchange rates as under Method I, where the changes in the rates are not concurrent with changes in the underlying economic forces? Apparently not, in view of the distortions that occur.

Were freely fluctuating exchange rates in existence then a case could be made for using current rates since they reflect changes in underlying data as they occur. This would give rise to other problems, particularly the question of how to derive the rate for a particular year, but this side issue is not pursued here.

To recapitulate, neither method yields fully satisfactory results. However, the second method was selected over the first method because it is more useful (the deflator aspect) and it limits the implications as to the timing of changes in purchasing power and other economic forces.

An example of how the exchange rate conversion was made is given on page 59.

Table 24.--Conversion of National Accounts Data to 1958 prices

Denmark

Exchange Rate: 6.9 D.K.= \$1.00

Conv. factor (mult.) .1449275

Item	Notation	Row & Operation	1950	1951	1952	1953	1954	1958
<u>Denmark</u>								
Consumer expenditure								
Current prices		1	15,786	16,800	17,309	18,056	19,398	23,136
Constant prices: given	Mil. Danish Kroner	2	18,017	17,496	17,725	18,239	19,398	20,854
Implicit deflator	1954 = 100	3	87.6	96.0	97.7	99.0	100.0	110.9
Implicit deflator	1958 = 100	4=2*3	79.0	86.6	88.1	89.3	90.2	100.0
Constant prices	1958 prices	5=4 conv.	19,982	19,400	19,647	20,219	21,506	23,136
Constant \$ millions	1958 prices	6=2*5	2,896	2,812	2,847	2,930	3,117	3,353
7=6xER								
GNP (market prices)		8						
Current prices		9	21,481	23,068	24,604	26,378	27,628	34,313
Constant prices: given	1954 prices	10	25,056	24,996	25,389	26,867	27,628	30,586
Implicit deflator	1954 = 100	11=9*10	85.7	92.3	96.9	98.2	100.0	112.2
Implicit deflator	1958 = 100	12=11 conv.	76.4	82.3	86.4	87.5	89.1	100.0
Constant prices	1958 prices	13=9*12	28,116	28,029	28,477	30,146	31,008	34,313
Constant \$ millions	1958 prices	14=13xER	4,075	4,062	4,127	4,369	4,494	4,972

GROUP A

Table 25--Gross national product and consumer expenditure: Developed regions, 1950-65

1950-65 12 2-631
14 COLS 38 ROWS

AREA	Item	Exchange rate	Conv. factor	1950	1951	1952	1953	1954	1955	1956	1957	1958
				-Million dollars in constant 1958 market prices-								
United States	GNP	1.0	1.0	353,916	379,837	394,067	410,266	403,956	435,995	452,400	459,300	455,000
	CE	U.S. \$		230,094	232,095	238,064	248,953	251,851	270,517	282,300	289,100	291,100
Canada	GNP	1.078	.92764	21,831	23,186	25,043	26,001	25,221	27,391	29,766	30,132	30,525
	CE	C. \$		13,846	12,487	13,711	14,463	14,997	16,123	18,516	19,096	19,704
Japan	GNP	360.7	.00277	N.A.	N.A.	18,781	20,188	21,498	23,520	27,160	30,271	31,416
	CE	J. Yen		N.A.	N.A.	11,227	12,615	13,224	14,282	16,764	17,789	19,088
So. Africa, Rep.	GNP	0.7168	1.3950	3,938	4,097	4,410	4,746	5,102	5,509	5,904	6,453	6,589
	CE	S.A. Rand		2,352	2,602	2,953	3,249	3,437	3,694	3,979	4,213	4,556
EEC												
France	GNP	4.9	.20408	34,910	37,010	37,880	39,100	40,970	43,330	45,532	48,257	49,940
	CE	F. Franc		22,660	24,360	25,160	26,230	27,190	28,740	30,467	33,120	32,849
Belgium	GNP	49.75	.02010	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	9,208	9,544	10,070	10,337	10,609	10,506
	CE	B. Franc		N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	6,259	6,482	6,880	6,995	7,240	7,176
Luxembourg	GNP	49.75	.02010									
	CE	B. Franc										
Germany	GNP	3.998	.25012	31,860	35,190	38,150	41,030	44,050	49,110	53,100	56,102	57,903
	CE	D. Mark		19,020	20,290	21,830	24,250	25,540	27,930	31,072	32,951	34,444
Italy	GNP	620.6	.00161	17,860	19,220	19,780	21,280	22,360	23,840	26,705	28,143	29,527
	CE	I. Lira		12,760	13,360	13,880	14,950	15,290	15,860	17,886	18,636	19,375
Netherlands	GNP	3.6	.27778	7,084	7,296	7,446	8,076	8,663	9,333	9,683	9,989	9,981
	CE	N. Guilder		4,533	4,419	4,440	4,687	5,007	5,371	5,820	5,828	5,844
Total EEC	GNP			--	--	--	118,694	125,587	135,683	145,357	153,100	157,857
	CE			--	--	--	76,376	79,509	84,781	92,240	96,765	99,688
OCEANIA												
Australia	GNP	0.448	2.2321	9,921	10,419	10,713	10,635	11,285	11,951	12,529	12,736	12,992
	CE	A. Pound		6,669	7,134	7,046	6,898	7,451	7,917	8,145	8,245	8,512
New Zealand	GNP	0.3569	2.8019	2,964	2,715	2,620	2,883	3,001	3,172	3,155	3,250	3,180
	CE	N. Z. Pound		1,715	1,776	1,591	1,726	1,967	1,970	1,984	2,115	2,048
Total OCEANIA	GNP			12,885	13,134	13,353	13,518	14,286	15,123	15,684	15,986	16,172
	CE			8,384	8,910	8,637	8,624	9,418	9,887	10,129	10,360	10,560
N.A. = Not Available.												

Continued

GROUP A

Table 25--Gross national product and consumer expenditure: Developed regions, 1950-65 continued

AREA	Item.	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	Annual Growth Rate					
		- - - Million dollars in constant 1958 market prices - - -								1950-65	1950-55	1955-60	1960-65	
- - - Percent - - -														
United States	GNP	483,300	495,000	505,100	537,900	559,300	589,000	623,900	3.9	4.2	2.6	4.7		
	CE	308,400	317,300	323,800	339,900	354,800	375,300	397,800	3.7	3.3	3.2	4.6		
	GNP	31,547	32,321	33,130	35,345	37,179	39,585	42,185	4.5	4.6	3.4	5.5		
	CE	20,651	21,323	21,999	23,027	24,064	25,590	27,142	4.6	3.1	5.8	4.9		
Canada	GNP	34,589	39,903	46,132	49,526	53,379	60,597	62,943	11/9.7	-	11.1	9.6		
	CE	20,648	22,603	24,817	27,371	29,858	32,860	34,887	11/9.1	-	9.6	9.1		
So. Africa, Rep.	GNP	6,873	7,395	7,822	8,261	8,991	9,999	10,500	6.8	7.0	6.1	7.3		
	CE	4,697	5,042	5,071	5,489	6,053	6,823	7,165	7.7	9.5	6.4	7.3		
EEC	GNP	51,440	55,240	57,663	61,734	64,720	68,571	70,952	4.8	4.4	5.0	5.1		
	CE	33,471	35,338	37,414	39,987	42,708	44,718	46,136	4.9	4.9	4.2	5.5		
	GNP	10,780	11,385	11,923	12,575	13,151	14,026	14,486	2/3.9	-	2.5	4.9		
	CE	7,316	7,755	7,923	8,309	8,750	9,089	9,403	2/3.4	-	2.4	3.9		
Germany	GNP	61,955	71,609	75,461	78,613	81,264	86,017	90,644	7.2	9.0	7.8	4.8		
	CE	30,287	41,577	44,424	47,038	48,423	50,992	54,043	7.2	8.0	8.3	5.4		
	GNP	31,442	33,424	36,033	38,271	40,377	41,477	42,905	6.0	5.9	7.0	5.1		
	CE	20,280	21,474	22,955	24,395	26,567	27,174	27,744	5.3	4.4	6.2	5.2		
Netherlands	GNP	10,497	11,433	11,183	12,292	12,742	13,861	14,606	4.9	5.7	4.1	5.1		
	CE	6,114	6,506	6,881	7,331	7,892	8,370	9,025	4.7	3.4	3.9	6.8		
Total EEC	GNP	166,114	183,091	192,264	203,485	212,254	224,552	233,593	2/5.8	-	6.2	5.0		
	CE	103,468	112,650	119,597	127,060	134,340	140,343	146,351	2/5.5	-	5.8	5.4		
OCEANIA	GNP	13,960	14,522	15,212	15,384	16,511	17,395	18,557	4.3	3.8	4.0	5.0		
	CE	8,791	9,376	9,562	9,783	10,421	11,018	11,493	3.7	3.5	3.4	4.1		
	GNP	3,289	3,533	3,620	3,794	4,113	4,377	4,643	3.0	1.4	3.2	5.6		
	CE	1,989	2,303	2,362	2,384	2,512	2,662	2,824	3.4	2.8	3.2	4.2		
Total OCEANIA	GNP	17,249	18,055	18,838	19,178	20,424	21,772	23,200	4.0	3.2	3.6	5.1		
	CE	10,780	11,679	11,924	12,167	12,923	13,680	14,317	3.6	3.4	3.4	4.2		

1/ 1952-1965. 2/ 1953-1965

Table 26.--Per capita gross national product and consumer expenditure: Developed regions, 1950-65

AREA	Item	1950	1951	1952	1953	1954	1955	1956	1957	1958	1959
		- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	Constant 1958 dollars	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -
United States	GNP	2,324	2,452	2,501	2,561	2,478	2,626	2,678	2,671	2,602	2,718
	CE	1,511	1,498	1,511	1,554	1,545	1,630	1,671	1,681	1,665	1,734
Canada	GNP	1,589	1,639	1,728	1,747	1,645	1,741	1,846	1,807	1,783	1,800
	CE	1,008	882	946	972	978	1,025	1,148	1,145	1,151	1,179
Japan	GNP	n.a.	n.a.	220	233	244	264	302	334	343	374
	CE	n.a.	n.a.	131	146	150	160	186	196	209	223
So. Africa, Rep.	GNP	316	321	336	353	370	391	409	436	435	442
	CE	189	204	226	242	249	262	276	285	301	302
EEC:											
France	GNP	834	878	892	915	952	998	1,039	1,089	1,115	1,163
	CE	541	578	593	614	631	662	695	747	733	740
Bel.-Luxembourg	GNP	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	1,014	1,046	1,098	1,120	1,141	1,122	1,145
	CE	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	689	710	750	758	779	766	777
Germany, West	GNP	637	701	753	802	849	938	1,002	1,046	1,066	1,129
	CE	381	404	431	474	492	533	586	614	634	661
Italy	GNP	383	410	418	447	467	495	551	577	598	637
	CE	272	285	293	314	319	329	369	382	392	411
Netherlands	GNP	700	711	717	770	816	868	889	906	892	925
	CE	448	431	428	447	472	500	535	529	522	539
Total EEC	GNP	--	--	--	737	772	828	879	917	936	976
	CE	--	--	--	474	489	517	558	578	591	608
OCEANIA											
Australia	GNP	1,213	1,237	1,241	1,206	1,256	1,299	1,329	1,321	1,320	1,388
	CE	815	847	816	783	829	861	864	855	865	874
New Zealand	GNP	1,553	1,394	1,313	1,408	1,434	1,485	1,443	1,458	1,394	1,411
	CE	899	912	797	843	940	922	907	949	897	853
Total OCEANIA	GNP	1,277	1,267	1,254	1,245	1,289	1,334	1,351	1,347	1,334	1,392
	CE	831	859	812	794	850	872	872	873	949	870

n.a. = not available.

GROUP A

Table 26--Per capita gross national product and consumer expenditure: Developed regions, 1950-65,
continued

Area	Iter.	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	Annual Growth Rate			
								Percent			
								1950-65	1950-55	1955-60	1960-65
Constant 1958 dollars											
United States	GNP	2,740	2,749	2,882	2,953	3,066	3,207	2.3	2.5	0.9	3.2
	CE	1,756	1,762	1,821	1,873	1,953	2,044	2.1	1.6	1.5	3.1
	GNP	1,805	1,813	1,900	1,965	2,054	2,152	2.1	1.8	0.8	3.7
	CE	1,191	1,204	1,238	1,272	1,328	1,385	2.2	.03	3.2	3.1
	GNP	428	491	522	557	625	643	---	---	10.2	8.6
So. Africa, Rep.	CE	242	264	288	311	339	356	---	---	8.7	8.1
	GNP	464	480	496	528	573	588	4.4	4.5	3.6	5.0
	CE	317	311	330	355	391	401	5.3	7.0	3.9	5.0
EEC											
France	GNP	1,209	1,249	1,314	1,352	1,416	1,450	3.7	3.7	4.0	3.7
	CE	774	810	851	892	921	943	3.8	4.2	3.2	4.1
Bel.-Luxembourg	GNP	1,202	1,255	1,318	1,366	1,415	1,479	---	---	1.9	4.2
	CE	819	834	871	910	936	953	---	---	1.8	3.2
Germany, West	GNP	1,292	1,343	1,381	1,411	1,487	1,536	6.1	8.1	6.7	3.5
	CE	750	791	826	841	875	914	6.1	7.1	7.2	4.1
Italy	GNP	673	723	763	799	831	832	5.3	5.2	6.4	4.3
	CE	432	460	486	525	532	538	4.6	3.7	5.6	4.4
Netherlands	GNP	995	961	1,041	1,065	1,143	1,188	3.6	4.5	2.8	3.7
	CE	566	591	621	660	690	734	3.4	2.2	2.6	5.4
Total EEC	GNP	1,066	1,109	1,160	1,195	1,250	1,286	---	---	5.3	3.9
	CE	656	690	724	755	771	798	---	---	4.9	3.9
OCEANIA											
Australia	GNP	1,413	1,448	1,437	1,494	1,562	1,634	2.1	1.4	1.7	2.9
	CE	913	910	914	955	970	1,012	1.4	1.1	1.2	2.1
New Zealand	GNP	1,439	1,460	1,527	1,621	1,684	1,759	1.8	-0.9	0.6	3.4
	CE	571	576	599	626	655	1,070	1.2	0.5	1.1	1.7
Total OCEANIA	GNP	1,426	1,457	1,454	1,510	1,589	1,657	1.7	2.0	1.4	3.0
	CE	923	922	922	961	996	1,023	1.4	1.0	1.2	2.1

GROUP A

Table 27--Gross national product and consumer expenditure: Developed regions, 1950-65

AREA	Item	Exchange Rate	Conv. factor	1950	1951	1952	1953	1954	1955	1956	1957	1958
- - - Million dollars in constant 1958 market prices - - -												
EFTA												
Austria	1/ GNP	25.87	0.03865	3,390	3,630	3,640	3,790	4,110	4,570	4,791	5,073	5,282
	CE	A. Shilling		2,080	2,150	2,200	2,360	2,520	2,790	2,969	3,112	3,220
Denmark	GNP	6.9	.144928	4,075	4,062	4,127	4,369	4,494	4,495	4,610	4,843	4,972
	CE	D. Krone		2,896	2,812	2,847	2,930	3,117	3,117	3,192	3,210	3,353
Norway	GNP	7.15	0.13986	3,098	3,192	3,323	3,465	3,610	3,693	3,931	4,036	3,936
	CE	N. Krone		1,982	1,940	2,009	2,090	2,031	2,236	2,286	2,337	2,338
Portugal	GNP	28.85	0.03466	1,515	1,582	1,584	1,693	1,777	1,858	2,027	2,118	2,047
	CE	P. Escudo		2/1,212	2/1,265	1,245	1,290	1,321	1,436	1,670	1,702	1,603
Sweden	GNP	5.188	0.19275	8,386	8,340	8,570	8,871	9,087	9,802	10,215	10,537	10,609
	CE	S. Krona		5,326	5,218	5,388	5,568	5,815	6,050	6,340	6,410	6,547
Switzerland	GNP	4.317	0.23164	5,384	5,641	5,811	6,130	6,374	6,821	7,231	7,437	7,301
	CE	S. Franc		3,842	4,030	4,151	4,019	4,088	4,373	4,593	4,705	4,780
United Kingdom	GNP	0.3569	2.8019	53,911	54,922	54,793	57,165	59,511	61,295	62,835	64,112	64,310
	CE	P. Sterling		36,484	35,904	35,759	37,215	38,760	40,312	40,998	41,849	42,501
Total	GNP			79,759	81,369	81,848	85,483	89,163	92,655	95,640	98,156	98,555
	CE			53,822	53,319	53,599	55,472	57,504	60,141	62,048	63,325	64,186
EFTA minus U.K.	GNP			25,848	26,447	27,055	28,318	29,652	31,360	32,805	34,044	34,245
	CE			17,338	17,415	17,840	18,257	18,744	19,829	21,050	21,476	21,685
OTHER WESTERN EUROPE												
Cyprus	GNP	0.3569	2.8019	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	287
	CE	P. Sterling		N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	208
Finland	GNP	322	.003106	2,756	2,978	3,002	3,061	3,307	3,455	3,527	3,692	3,734
	CE	F. Markka		1,770	1,777	1,907	1,889	2,017	2,072	2,124	2,235	2,162
Greece	GNP	30.0	.03333	1,722	1,885	1,884	2,160	2,241	2,416	2,600	2,837	2,913
	CE	Drackma		1,449	1,523	1,521	1,678	1,793	1,883	2,008	2,156	2,256
Iceland	GNP	43.06	.02322	101	98	97	112	122	132	139	139	147
	CE	I. Krona		71	68	64	75	81	87	91	89	96
Ireland	GNP	0.3569	2.8019	1,527	1,263	1,611	1,649	1,682	1,711	1,661	1,662	1,638
	CE	I. Pound		1,247	1,251	1,206	1,243	1,267	1,328	1,292	1,267	1,274
Spain	GNP	59.97	.01668	5,712	6,940	7,207	7,122	7,650	8,289	8,986	9,576	9,585
	CE	S. Peseta		4,312	5,249	5,451	5,386	5,785	6,150	6,637	7,000	7,094
Total 3/	GNP			11,818	13,164	13,801	14,104	15,002	16,003	16,913	17,906	18,304
	CE			8,849	9,868	10,149	10,271	10,943	11,520	12,152	12,747	13,090

Continued.....

N.A. - Not Available.

3/ Excludes Cyprus.

2/ Extrapolated.

1/ Factor cost.

GROUP A

Table 27--Gross national product and consumer expenditure: Developed regions, 1950-65 continued

ERS-124 (12-2-63)
14 Cols 38 Rows

AREA	Item	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	Annual Growth Rate		
									1950-65	1950-55	1955-60
		- - - Million dollars in constant 1958 market prices - - -							- - -	- - - Percent	- - -
EFTA											
Austria	GNP	5,468	5,882	6,157	6,303	6,550	6,983	7,190	5.1	6.2	5.2
	CE	3,400	3,617	3,796	3,996	4,206	4,392	4,579	5.4	6.0	5.3
Denmark	GNP	5,332	5,676	6,013	6,357	6,409	6,909	7,231	3.9	2.0	4.8
	CE	3,555	3,731	4,021	4,272	4,276	4,553	4,758	3.4	1.5	3.7
Norway	GNP	4,155	4,388	4,669	4,824	5,082	5,407	5,704	4.2	3.6	3.5
	CE	2,437	2,587	2,743	2,842	2,932	3,050	3,129	3.1	2.4	3.0
Portugal	GNP	2,269	2,424	3,247	2,719	2,881	3,083	3,298	5.3	4.2	5.4
	CE	1,811	1,860	2,044	1,981	2,188	2,256	2,415	4.7	3.4	5.3
Sweden	GNP	11,258	11,669	12,313	12,776	13,397	14,439	14,893	3.9	3.2	3.6
	CE	6,836	6,947	7,316	7,581	7,966	8,381	8,753	3.4	2.6	2.8
Switzerland	GNP	7,828	8,283	8,890	9,340	9,769	10,264	10,691	4.7	4.8	4.0
	CE	5,024	5,273	5,664	6,039	6,348	6,655	6,888	3.7	2.6	4.0
United Kingdom	GNP	67,273	70,540	72,993	73,819	77,104	81,446	83,395	3.0	2.6	2.9
	CE	44,915	46,729	47,796	48,770	51,058	52,987	53,917	2.6	2.0	3.0
Total	GNP	103,583	108,862	114,282	116,138	121,192	128,531	132,402	3.4	3.0	3.3
	CE	67,978	70,744	73,380	75,481	78,974	82,274	84,439	3.0	2.2	3.3
OEFTA minus U.K.	GNP	36,310	38,322	41,289	42,319	44,088	47,085	49,007	4.4	3.9	4.1
	CE	23,063	24,015	25,584	26,711	27,916	29,287	30,522	3.9	2.7	3.9
OTHER WESTERN EUROPE											
Cyprus	GNP	296	293	321	336	358	326	390	-	-	-
	CE	226	244	262	271	292	270	301	-	-	-
Finland	GNP	3,932	4,310	4,620	4,746	4,856	5,162	5,317	4.5	4.6	4.5
	CE	2,315	2,485	2,608	2,707	2,723	2,847	2,924	3.4	3.2	3.7
Greece	GNP	3,021	3,136	3,535	3,695	4,037	4,425	4,756	7.0	7.0	5.4
	CE	2,324	2,416	2,656	2,753	3,043	3,294	3,544	6.1	5.4	5.1
Iceland	GNP	154	158	156	171	187	198	207	4.9	5.5	3.7
	CE	101	102	104	114	122	125	132	4.2	4.1	3.2
Ireland	GNP	1,720	1,816	1,902	1,961	2,047	2,132	2,185	2.4	2.3	1.2
	CE	1,301	1,379	1,416	1,467	1,516	1,600	1,622	1.8	1.3	.7
Spain	GNP	9,033	9,401	10,469	11,436	12,766	13,740	14,836	6.6	7.7	2.6
	CE	6,707	6,773	7,569	7,906	8,563	9,163	9,763	5.6	7.4	1.9
Total	GNP	17,860	18,821	20,682	22,009	23,693	25,657	27,301	5.8	6.2	3.3
	CE	12,748	13,155	14,353	14,947	15,967	17,029	17,985	4.8	5.4	2.7

Sources: National Accounts Statistics: Expenditures, product, and income, OECD. There are three publications; these cover the periods 1950-61, 1955-64, and 1956-65. Data for non-OECD countries (Cyprus, Finland, Rep. of South Africa, Australia and New Zealand) obtained from individual country publications of national accounts.

GROUP A

Table 28.--Per capita gross national product and consumers expenditures:
Developed regions, 1950-65

AREA	ITEM	1950	1951	1952	1953	1954	1955	1956	1957	1958	1959
<u>Constant 1958 Dollars</u>											
<u>EFTA</u>											
Austria	GNP	489	524	524	545	590	658	689	728	756	780
	CE	300	310	317	339	362	402	427	447	461	485
Denmark	GNP	954	944	952	1,000	1,020	1,013	1,032	1,079	1,101	1,164
	CE	678	653	657	671	707	702	715	715	743	782
Norway	GNP	949	968	998	1,030	1,063	1,077	1,135	1,155	1,117	1,168
	CE	607	589	604	622	598	652	660	669	663	685
Portugal	GNP	180	187	186	198	207	216	234	244	235	258
	CE	144	149	147	151	154	167	193	196	184	206
Sweden	GNP	1,195	1,179	1,203	1,237	1,260	1,350	1,396	1,430	1,431	1,510
	CE	759	738	756	776	806	833	867	870	883	917
Switzerland	GNP	1,147	1,188	1,207	1,257	1,293	1,370	1,453	1,451	1,404	1,488
	CE	818	849	862	824	829	878	910	918	919	955
United Kingdom	GNP	1,070	1,086	1,080	1,124	1,165	1,197	1,222	1,241	1,240	1,290
	CE	724	710	705	731	759	787	797	810	819	861
Total	GNP	939	953	954	992	1,030	1,066	1,095	1,118	1,117	1,167
	CE	634	624	625	644	664	692	711	721	727	766
EFTA minus U.K.	GNP	747	759	772	803	836	879	914	942	942	992
	CE	501	500	509	518	528	556	587	595	596	630
<u>OTHER WESTERN EUROPE</u>											
Cyprus	GNP	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	514	522
	CE	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	363	398
Finland	GNP	687	734	734	740	790	816	824	854	856	895
	CE	442	438	466	456	482	489	496	517	496	527
Greece	GNP	228	247	244	276	284	303	324	350	365	366
	CE	192	199	197	215	227	236	250	266	276	281
Iceland	GNP	706	676	655	742	792	835	863	842	870	895
	CE	497	469	432	497	526	551	565	539	568	587
Ireland	GNP	514	426	546	559	572	586	573	576	574	604
	CE	420	422	408	421	431	455	446	439	446	457
Spain	GNP	205	247	254	249	266	285	307	324	322	301
	CE	155	187	192	188	201	212	227	237	238	223
Total	GNP	271	299	311	315	333	352	369	388	394	381
	CE	203	224	229	230	243	253	265	276	281	272

Group A

Table 28.--Per capita gross national product and consumers expenditures: Developed regions, 1950-65, continued

AREA	ITEM	1960	1961	1962	Constant 1958 Dollars		1964	1965	Annual Growth Rate				
		1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1950-65	1950-55	1955-60	1960-65		

Percent -----													

EFTA													
Austria	GNP	834	870	891	913	968	986	4.8	6.1	4.9	3.5		
	CE	513	537	560	586	609	631	5.1	5.9	5.0	4.2		
Denmark	GNP	1,239	1,304	1,368	1,368	1,464	1,520	3.2	1.2	4.2	4.3		
	CE	814	872	919	913	965	1,000	2.7	0.7	3.1	4.3		
Norway	GNP	1,223	1,292	1,326	1,386	1,464	1,532	3.3	2.6	2.6	4.6		
	CE	722	759	775	800	826	840	2.2	1.4	2.1	3.1		
Portugal	GNP	273	364	302	318	337	357	4.7	3.7	4.8	5.5		
	CE	210	229	220	241	247	262	4.1	2.9	4.7	4.6		
Sweden	GNP	1,560	1,637	1,689	1,761	1,884	1,925	3.2	2.5	3.0	4.3		
	CE	929	973	1,002	1,048	1,094	1,132	2.7	1.9	2.2	4.0		
Switzerland	GNP	1,545	1,507	1,650	1,693	1,747	1,798	3.1	3.6	2.5	3.1		
	CE	983	1,031	1,067	1,100	1,133	1,159	2.1	1.4	2.5	3.4		
United Kingdom	GNP	1,342	1,379	1,381	1,433	1,502	1,528	2.5	2.3	2.4	2.6		
	CE	889	903	912	949	977	988	2.1	1.7	2.5	2.1		
Total	GNP	1,217	1,267	1,275	1,321	1,389	1,420	2.8	2.5	2.7	2.3		
	CE	791	814	828	860	889	906	2.4	1.7	2.7	2.8		
EFTA minus U.K.	GNP	1,038	1,108	1,124	1,161	1,229	1,268	3.7	3.3	3.4	4.1		
	CE	650	687	710	735	764	790	3.2	2.1	3.1	4.0		
OTHER WESTERN EUROPE													
Cyprus	GNP	511	556	579	608	555	656	---	---	---	---		
	CE	426	454	467	496	460	507	---	---	---	---		
Finland	GNP	973	1,036	1,053	1,069	1,127	1,153	3.5	3.5	3.6	3.4		
	CE	561	584	601	599	622	634	2.5	2.1	2.8	2.5		
Greece	GNP	377	421	437	476	520	556	6.2	6.0	4.5	8.2		
	CE	290	316	326	359	387	414	5.3	4.4	4.2	7.5		
Iceland	GNP	897	872	940	1,011	1,048	1,078	2.9	3.5	1.5	3.7		
	CE	580	581	626	659	661	688	2.2	2.1	1.0	3.5		
Iceland	GNP	641	675	693	715	741	760	2.6	2.6	1.8	3.5		
	CE	486	502	518	529	556	564	2.0	1.6	1.3	2.9		
Spain	GNP	310	342	371	411	438	469	5.8	7.1	1.8	8.8		
	CE	224	248	257	276	292	309	4.8	6.6	1.1	6.8		
Total	GNP	398	434	459	494	527	557	5.0	5.4	2.5	6.8		
	CE	278	301	312	330	355	367	4.0	4.6	1.9	5.8		

Table 29.--National income or product: Eastern Europe, 1950-65, in national currencies of the respective countries

Footnotes on Table 30.

GROUP B.

Table 30.--Indices of national income and product: Eastern Europe, 1950-65

Year	Bulgaria National income 1/ 2/	Czech. Social product 1/ 3/	E. Germany Net national product 4/ 5/	Hungary National income product 6/ 7/	Poland Dist. National income 8/ 9/	Created National income 8/ 10/	Romania National income 4/ 11/	Yugo. National income 12/ 2/	USSR National income or net material product 13/ 2/ 4/ 2/
1950	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
1951	108	108	-	117	108	108	131	109	111
1952	117	119	-	115	114	114	137	94	123
1953	142	125	-	130	126	126	158	109	136
1954	140	132	-	124	139	139	157	114	152
1955	148	145	171.9	135	152	151	192	129	170
1956	149	156	-	121	164	162	178	125	189
1957	169	167	-	149	186	179	207	153	202
1958	181	180	-	158	192	189	214	159	227
1959	220	194	-	169	205	199	242	184	245
1960	235	212	243.3	186	211	208	268	196	264
1961	242	226	250.3	197	227	224	295	208	282
1962	257	233	255.8	207	233	229	308	216	298
1963	277	233	263.7	218	248	245	338	243	309
1964	303	240	276.4	229	260	262	377	272	339
1965	325	253	285.6	-	281	280	413	-	361
Annual growth rate 1950-65	8.2	6.9	7.3	6.1	7.1	7.1	9.9	7.4	8.9

SOURCE: National Statistical Yearbook for Respective Countries.

1/ Constant 1957 prices.

2/ National income = Total net value of goods and "productive" services. Excludes economic activities not contributing directly to material production, such as public administration, defense, personal and professional services, and similar activities.

3/ Social product = Total production of material, capital, and consumer goods.

4/ Current prices.

5/ Net national product = GNP minus depreciation and services.

6/ Constant 1955 prices.

7/ National income product = Industrial and agricultural production, freight transport, cottage industry, and net export-import trade minus services.

8/ Constant 1956 prices.

9/ Distributed national income = Gross product of material production minus material costs of manufacturing (aggregate net production at home selling prices).

10/ Created national income = distributed national income plus exports minus imports.

11/ National income = Gross product minus services.

12/ Constant 1960 prices.

13/ Constant 1955 prices.

GROUP C

Table 31.--Gross national product: West Africa, 1950-1965

Area	1950	1951	1952	1953	1954	1955	1956	1957	1958	1959
	--	--	--	--	--	--	1,067	1,126	1,167	1,303
Cameroon										
Central African Rep.										
Chad										
Congo, Brazzaville										
Congo, Kinshasa										
Dahomey										
Gabon										
Gambia										
Ghana	--	--	--	--	--	1,038	1,067	1,126	1,167	1,303
Guinea										
Ivory Coast										
Liberia										
Mali										
Mauritania										
Niger										
Nigeria	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3,260	3,400
Senegal	--	--	--	--	--	--	622	648	556	538
Sierra Leone										
Togo										
Upper Volta										

See Footnotes on Table 35.

Table 31 --Gross national produce: West Africa, 1950-1965 - Continued

Area	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	Growth rates 1960-65	1965 GNP	in current prices
	- - -	Million dollars in constant	1962 prices	- - -	- - -	- - -	Percent	Total	Per capita
								\$ Million	Dollars
Cameroon								670	130
Central African Rep.								122	90
Chad								237	70
Congo, Brazzaville								138	140
Congo, Kinshasa								1,273	80
Dahomey								165	70
Gabon								130	300
Gambia								28	85
Ghana	1,394	1,436	1,518	1,560	1,630	1,695	2.3	2,207	285
Guinea								257	73
Ivory Coast								963	251
Liberia								213	199
Mali								297	65
Mauritania								127	138
Niger								250	75
Nigeria	3,560	3,670	3,875	4,030	4,250	4,535	2.4	4,852	114
Senegal 1/	549	551	558	--	--	--		680	195
Sierra Leone								344	150
Togo								156	95
Upper Volta								257	53
Other								683	109
Total								14,049	101

See Footnotes on Table 35.

GROUP C

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Table 32.--Gross national produce: East Africa, 1950-1965

Area	1950	1951	1952	1953	1954	1955	1956	1957	1958	1959
	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
EAST AFRICA										
Ethiopia	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	710	740	775
Kenya	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	624	627	644
Uganda	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	430	433	455
Tanzania										
Rwanda										
Burundi										
Malawi										
Madagascar										
Somali Republic										
Rhodesia	--	--	--	--	556	601	685	720	739	777
Zambia	--	--	--	--	332	316	348	399	413	476
Botswana										
Lesotho										

GROUP C

Table 32.--Gross national product: East Africa, 1950-1965 - Continued

Area	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	Growth rates 1960-65	1965 GNP in current prices	Per capita Dollars
	-----	Million dollars in constant	1962 prices-----				Percent	Total \$ Million	2/ Dollars
EAST AFRICA									
Ethiopia	815	855	900	925	944	979	2.3	1,171	58
Kenya	669	666	725	750	790	810	3.9	846	90
Uganda	467	459	470	508	533	565	3.9	658	87
Tanzania	605	580	615	650	680	720	3.6	751	71
Rwanda								155	50
Burundi								140	50
Malawi								163	41
Madagascar								578	90
Somali Republic								150	60
Rhodesia	819	858	867	853	933	988	3.8	1,022	240
Zambia	506	516	503	520	572	568	3.0	842	227
Botswana								34	60
Lesotho								49	58
Other								985	109
Total								7,627	98

See Footnotes on Table 35.

[illegible]

See Footnotes on Table 35.

Table 33.--Gross national product: North Africa and West Asia, 1950-1965 - Continued

Area	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	Growth rates		1965 GNP	in current prices
	- - - Million dollars in constant 1962 prices- - -						- - - Percent - - -	Total \$ Million	Per capita Dollars	
NORTH AFRICA										
United Arab Republic ^{4/}	2,977	3,160	3,271	3,553	3,816	4,084	4.9	5.3	4,700	159
Sudan	1,148	1,154	1,309	1,312	1,321	1,367	-	4.7	1,387	104
Algeria									2,630	225
Morocco	1,957	1,885	2,100	2,210	2,240	2,300	1.9	2.3	2,606	196
Tunisia	506	516	503	520	572	607	6.8	5.6	936	200
Libya									876	542
Total									13,135	176
WEST ASIA										
Iran I/	4,237	4,520	4,607	4,943	5,120	5,606	-	5.8	5,933	253
Iraq	1,394	1,582	1,682	1,639	1,750	1,900	6.3	5.7	1,909	233
Israel	1,797	1,979	2,229	2,496	2,761	2,987	9.2	10.5	3,397	1,325
Turkey	5,885	5,785	6,140	6,590	6,875	7,245	4.7	5.3	8,123	261
Syrian Arab Republic									1,125	197
Jordan	278	347	358	369	423	457	11.0	9.1	462	244
Lebanon									1,120	450
Saudi Arabia									1,521	225
Yemen									489	120
Kuwait									1,518	3,196
Other									713	250
Total									26,510	302

See Footnotes on Table 35.

GROUP C

Table 34.--Gross national product: Latin America, 1950-1965

Area	1950	1951	1952	1953	1954	1955	1956	1957	1958	1959
	7,232	7,775	8,086	8,130	8,981	9,761	10,375	11,176	11,795	12,141
CENTRAL AMERICA										
Mexico	247	251	287	318	339	353	362	391	409	426
Costa Rica	372	379	407	436	441	463	499	527	538	538
El Salvador	702	716	730	750	764	785	859	906	942	988
Guatemala	253	270	282	301	303	309	323	356	361	380
Honduras	221	236	276	282	309	329	329	357	355	362
Nicaragua										
Panama										
British Honduras										
CARIBBEAN										
Jamaica	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	642
Haiti										
Dominion Republic 1/	--	--	--	449	--	526	573	600	628	657
Puerto Rico 1/	--	--	--	1,364	--	1,464	1,520	1,603	1,717	1,851
Trinidad & Tobago										
Barbados 1/	--	--	--	47	--	49	54	64	60	62
Other										
SOUTH AMERICA										
Venezuela	2,518	2,821	3,032	3,257	3,583	3,868	4,186	4,622	4,927	5,360
Guyana 1/	--	--	--	124	--	127	135	145	136	135
Bolivia	537	572	586	519	523	560	533	514	529	546
Chile	2,338	2,440	2,585	2,735	2,740	2,712	2,717	3,037	3,156	3,122
Colombia	2,611	2,700	2,880	3,052	3,274	3,407	3,539	3,591	3,678	3,955
Ecuador	504	521	566	587	637	653	672	709	730	764
Peru	1,374	1,518	1,562	1,596	1,750	1,836	1,920	1,939	1,999	2,075
Paraguay	248	246	254	258	267	286	283	302	318	317
Uruguay	--	--	--	--	--	1,343	1,367	1,380	1,331	1,293
Brazil	7,000	7,375	7,790	8,025	8,650	9,230	9,400	10,050	10,700	11,500
Argentina	7,650	7,900	7,490	7,950	8,325	8,930	9,130	9,575	10,065	9,595

See Footnotes on Table 35.

GROUP C

Table 34.--Gross national product: Latin America, 1950-1965 - Continued

Area	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	Growth rates		1965 GNP	in current prices	
	- Million dollars in constant 1962 prices						1950-65	1960-65	Total	\$ Million	Per capita
							- Percent	-		2 /	Dollars
Mexico	13,097	13,552	14,200	15,100	16,600	17,450	6.0	5.9	19,415		455
CENTRAL AMERICA											
Costa Rica	446	444	472	496	516	540	5.3	3.9	593		395
El Salvador	561	605	659	710	764	814	5.3	7.7	795		273
Guatemala	1,015	1,053	1,080	1,220	1,290	1,375	4.6	6.2	1,410		305
Honduras	383	399	422	436	456	485	4.4	4.8	504		223
Nicaragua	368	390	430	464	496	547	6.2	8.2	588		355
Panama	410	453	492	533	561	605	-	8.1	617		495
British Honduras									39		370
Total									4,546		318
CARIBBEAN											
Jamaica	675	696	712	742	790	815	-	3.8	873		489
Haiti									327		70
Dominion Republic 1/	699	713	774	762	788	--	-	-	960		265
Puerto Rico 1/	1,953	2,129	2,306	2,457	2,630	2,935	-	5.5	2,880		1,094
Trinidad & Tobago	468	496	557	573	592	605	-	5.3	630		646
Barbados 1/	72	75	77	85	83	--	-	-	-		-
Other									766		528
Total									6,436		421
SOUTH AMERICA											
Venezuela	5,440	5,495	5,815	6,095	6,580	7,000	7.0	5.2	7,691		882
Guyana 1/	161	174	178	159	3/ 175	3/ 189	-	3.3	332		298
Bolivia	558	576	600	627	656	689	1.7	4.3	599		145
Chile	3,331	3,453	3,664	3,715	3,810	4,035	3.7	3.9	4,257		485
Colombia	4,136	4,318	4,521	4,680	4,965	5,140	4.6	4.4	5,103		284
Ecuador	811	828	868	898	954	1,000	4.7	4.3	1,128		222
Peru	2,263	2,448	2,675	2,776	2,993	3,121	5.6	6.7	4,281		367
Paraguay	322	340	346	360	370	388	3.0	3.8	443		221
Uruguay	1,340	1,380	1,350	1,336	1,351	1,367	-	.4	1,555		573
Brazil	12,250	13,100	13,800	14,000	13,720	14,400	4.9	3.3	21,970		270
Argentina	10,155	10,730	10,440	10,000	10,840	11,750	2.9	3.0	16,050		718
Total									63,409		382
GRAND TOTAL									93,...		

See Footnotes on Table 35.

GROUP C

Table 35 ---Gross national product: Asia, 1950-1965

Area	1950	1951	1952	1953	1954	1955	1956	1957	1958	1959
SOUTH ASIA										
India	22,850	23,690	24,540	26,030	27,050	27,720	29,090	29,140	31,070	31,830
Pakistan	5,928	6,100	6,092	6,392	6,437	6,465	6,835	6,884	7,014	7,313
Ceylon	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1,308
Nepal										
Afghanistan										
SOUTH-EAST ASIA										
Thailand	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2,338	2,345	2,573
Burma	834	921	1,014	1,062	1,091	1,171	1,184	1,333	1,382	1,447
South Vietnam	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Cambodia 1/	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Laos	--	--	--	--	421	468	468	499	524	576
OTHER EAST ASIA										
Philippines	2,020	2,116	2,301	2,480	2,614	2,818	2,962	3,092	3,221	3,411
Taiwan	--	792	890	985	1,068	1,148	1,194	1,277	1,360	1,461
South Korea	--	--	--	1,688	1,802	1,907	1,928	2,083	2,218	2,325
Hong Kong										
OTHER ASIA & OCEANIA										
Indonesia										
Malaysia 1/	--	--	--	--	--	1,697	1,746	1,791	1,797	1,884
Singapore										
Other Oceania										

GROUP C

Table 35 --Gross national product: Asia, 1950-1965 - Continued

Area	1965 GNP in current prices						Growth rates		Total \$ Million	Per capita Dollars
	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1950-65 1960-65			
							Percent	2/		
- - Million dollars in constant 1962 prices - - -										
SOUTH ASIA										
India	34,310	35,560	36,600	38,220	40,860	39,650	3.7	2.9	49,220	101
Pakistan	7,684	8,105	8,385	9,065	9,515	9,990	3.5	2.5	11,160	97
Ceylon	1,358	1,396	1,445	1,471	1,535	1,566	-	2.9	1,625	145
Nepal									736	73
Afghanistan									1,250	83
Other							3.7	3.4	68	80
									64,059	100
SOUTH-EAST ASIA										
Thailand	2,859	2,985	3,127	3,448	3,744	3,961	-	6.7	3,874	123
Burma	1,540	1,547	1,617	1,748	1,699	1,770	-	2.8	1,760	71
South Vietnam	1/	1/1,444	1/1,563	1/1,586	3/1,768	1/1,867	-	5.3	1,810	115
Cambodia 1/	613	617	647	714	--	--	-	-	830	132
Laos	--	--	--	--	--	--	-	-	173	66
							-	5.4	8,427	104
OTHER EAST ASIA										
Philippines	3,505	3,708	3,839	4,040	4,192	4,360	5.3	4.4	5,198	161
Taiwan	1,575	1,701	1,809	1,929	2,125	2,275	-	7.6	2,750	212
South Korea	2,384	2,503	2,605	2,846	3,100	3,347	-	7.0	2,901	102
Hong Kong									1,600	421
							5.3	6.0	12,449	161
OTHER ASIA & OCEANIA										
Indonesia									10,450	100
Malaysia 1/	2,079	2,163	2,294	2,445	2,588	2,729	-	5.6	2,866	305
Singapore									933	200
Other Oceania									800	235
Other Asia									572	325
									15,621	129

Source except as otherwise stated: Gross National Product, AID, June 1966, RC-W-138.

1/ Source: Yearbook of National Accounts Statistics, 1966. United Nations.

2/ Source: Estimates of Gross National Product, Reports Control # 137. AID, February 1967.

3/ Source: United Nations Monthly Bulletin of Statistics, October, 1967.

4/ Source: UAR Annual Statistical Yearbooks.

GROUP D

Table 36.--Development indicators: West Africa, 1965

Area	GDP from manuf. 1/	Energy 1/consump- tion 2/	Illit- eracy 3/	AID \$ equiv. 4/	Imports 1959/60-1959/60- 1964/65 1964/65		\$ per capita	Exports \$ per capita		% of GDP 1/products 5/	% primary products 5/
					- - rates - -	Growth		- - rates - -	Growth		
West Africa	Percent	Per capita	Percent	Per capita	Per capita	Per capita	Per capita	Per capita	Per capita	Per capita	Per capita
Cameroon	6/ (10)	71	(90)	7/ 5.8	11.4	6.4	27	6/ 21.2	8/ 97.0		
Cen. African Rep.	6/ (10)	38	(85)	12.0	9.4	13.7	19	8/ 18.6	99.5		
Chad	6/ (4)	15	(95)	7/ 5.3	5.4	12.5	8	6/ 10.7	96.6		
Congo (Brazzaville)	6/ (14)	148	(75-80)	7/ 38.8	0.6	24.0	56	(40.0)	48.8		
Congo (Kinshasa)	8/ (22)	83	10/ 85	7.7	-0.2	-7.5	21	8/ 26.3	6/ 89.8		
Dahomey	9/ (8)	30	(95)	7/ 7.7	5.8	-2.1	6	(8.5)	94.3		
Gabon	6/ (5)	240	9/ 88	7/ 31.2	14.5	15.1	207	46.6	89.3		
Gambia	-	39	(90)	10.1	9.2	7.5	42	50.0	8/ 99.9		
Ghana	-	104	(75-80)	4.7	3.0	.1	38	12.9	97.4		
Guinea	-	98	(90)	7/ 5.4	10/-4.6	10/ 8.2	8/ 13	(16.8)	-		
Ivory Coast	6/ 24	152	(80)	7/ 10.4	15.2	15.0	72	27.6	94.6		
Liberia	8/ 4	259	11/ 91	37.5	15.3	11.5	126	8/ 42.7	99.6		
Mali	11/ (1)	21	(95)	7/ 5.8	12/ 3.6	12/ 3.4	3	(5.4)	97.4		
Mauritania	8/ (2)	48	(95-99)	7/ 10.2	13/-19.8	13/ 184.4	8/ 45	8/ 40.1	8/ 99.6		
Niger	11/ (3)	13	14/ 99	7/ 5.2	29.2	13.0	8	8/ 8.1	95.8		
Nigeria	6/ 7	44	15/ 89	.8	6.1	7.7	13	6/ 16.0	97.7		
Senegal	8/ (9)	145	9/ 94	7/ 15.7	-1.2	1.7	37	19.0	97.0		
Sierra Leone	8/ 6	68	(90)	5.4	8.1	6.0	37	22.0	35.6		
Togo	8/ 4	41	(90-95)	7/ 8.7	16.2	11.6	16	15.4	95.1		
Upper Volta	8/ (1)	10	(90-95)	7/ 3.4	10/ 38.0	17.3	2	(3.5)	8/ 91.9		
Weighted average	5.8	61.0	88.6	4.7	-	-	20	-	-		

Footnotes on Table 41.

GROUP D

Table 37. --Development indicators: East Africa, 1965

Area	GDP from manuf. 1/	Energy consumption 2/	Illit-eracy 3/	AID \$ equiv. 4/	Imports		Exports		% of GDP 1/	% primary products 5/
					1959/60-1964/65	1959/60-1964/65	\$ per capita	% of GDP 1/		
	Percent	Per capita	Percent	Per capita	Growth rates					
East Africa										
Ethiopia	6/ 7	10	(95)	1.6	11.0	9.0	5	6/ 8.5	99.8	
Kenya	11	124	(75-80)	7.2	4.7	6.1	15	13.0	90.2	
Uganda	7	42	16/ 75	3.6	7.3	8.7	24	28.1	99.5	
Tanzania	8/ 4	55	(80-85)	4.0	5.4	5.6	(17)	23.7	86.4	
Rwanda	6/ (7)	15	(90-95)	2.8	-	-	-	(9.0)	99.4	
Burundi	-	12	-	2.4	-	-	-	-	-	
Malawi	6/ 5	42	17/ 94	5.4	-	8.6	9	20.7	98.8	
Madagascar	14/ (5)	42	15/ 67	7/ 7.8	3.5	4.0	14	(15.9)	94.6	
Somali Republic	-	27	(95)	13.7	11.5	6.7	13	(22.0)	88.6	
Zambia	7	487	6/ 59	2.1	-	6.9	143	61.3	98.4	
Botswana	-	-	80	13.4	-	-	-	-	-	
Lesotho	-	-	65	7.8	-	-	-	-	-	
Weighted average	6.9	66.3	83.3	4.4	-	-	20.1	-	-	

GROUP D

Table 38.--Development indicators: North Africa and West Asia, 1965

Area	GDP from manuf.	Energy 1/ consump- tion 2/ 3/	Illit- eracy 3/	AID \$ equiv. 4/	Imports		Exports	
					1959/60- 1964/65	1959/60- 1964/65	\$ per capita	% of GDP 1/ products 5/
	Percent	Per capita	Percent	Per capita	- - - rates - -	Growth		
North Africa								
United Arab Republic	9/ 17	301	14/ 81	8.9	7.7	2.2	20	8/ 11.3 79.5
Sudan	8/ 6	69	18/ 88	2.0	6.8	1.0	14	14.1 99.8
Algeria	-	300	19/ 81	27.7	-10.8	(14.6)	(63)	- 6/(90.3)
Morocco	14	153	14/ 86	8.1	4.6	4.8	32	8/ 17.4 8/ 93.9
Tunisia	14	200	18/ 84	15.3	7.4	-1.2	27	12.5 81.2
Libya	8/ 4	327	19/ 87	15.4	16.7	128.0	493	66.0 100.0
Weighted average	13.5	240.4	83.5	11.0	-	-	38.5	-
West Asia								
Iran	6/ 29	391	18/ 87	2.9	3.3	10.2	53	8/ 22.2 8/ 96.5
Iraq	6/ 10	581	20/ 86	1.4	3.8	6.4	108	8/ 39.7 (99.2)
Israel	25	2,239	9/ 16	51.1	12.1	14.4	158	11.7 34.5
Turkey	8/ 15	348	14/ 62	5.3	3.6	5.2	15	5.2 97.6
Syria	21/ 13	303	14/ 71	4.0	0.7	8.7	32	6/ 23.3 90.2
Jordan	8/ 8	291	9/ 68	43.8	5.7	18.5	13	4.6 93.4
Lebanon	-	747	(14)	5.0	9.9	12.9	35	8/ 9.4 (76.5)
Saudi Arabia	-	311	(85-95)	-0.7	7.4	9.4	196	(55.5) (99.7)
Yemen	-	10	(90)	2.4	-	-	-	-
Weighted Average	19.9	424.4	72.1	6.0	-	-	51.9	-

Footnotes on Table 41.

Table 39.--Development indicators: Latin America, 1965

Area	GDP from manuf.	Energy consump- tion 2/ Per	Illit- eracy 3/ Percent	AID \$ equiv. 4/ Per capita	Imports		Exports		5/ primary products
					1959/60- 1964/65	Growth rates - -	\$ per capita	% of GDP 1/	
Mexico	29	977	14/ 35	1.6	6.8	7.7	27	5.8	85.0
Central America									
Costa Rica	6/ 14	306	6/ 63	11.6	8.3	6.8	78	18.5	84.0
El Salvador	8/ 15	168	9/ 51	4.3	12.0	9.8	65	23.5	82.9
Guatemala	15	182	21/ 71	2.5	9.7	8.9	42	13.1	85.8
Honduras	14	151	9/ 55	5.1	10.8	11.0	56	24.5	95.2
Nicaragua	13	234	6/ 50	6.6	16.4	17.2	90	27.7	8/ 96.2
Panama	15	1,115	14/ 27	15.5	11.5	18.0	63	12.1	99.3
Weighted average	14.5	275.2	57.2	5.9	-	-	60.2	-	-
Caribbean									
Jamaica	15	887	14/ 18	4.7	7.1	7.6	119	22.8	93.0
Haiti	11/ 12	33	21/ 90	1.5	2.9	4.8	8	-	-
Dominican Republic	8/ 16	194	18/ 40	12.3	6.7	-0.1	34	13.4	97.9
Puerto Rico									
Trinidad & Tobago	6/ 13	3,842	22/ 26	12.5	10.1	8.0	413	62.4	91.4
Cuba									
Barbados	8/ 10	422	22/ 9	-	7.3	7.3	156	41.3	96.8
Weighted average	13.9	557.2	55.2	6.5	-	-	72.2	-	-
South America									
Venezuela	6/ 12	2,974	9/ 34	3.3	-0.3	2.7	315	31.7	(99.6)
Guianas									
Bolivia	16	185	21/ 68	10.4	10.7	13.0	30	21.2	8/ (99)
Chile	18	1,089	14/ 16	16.1	5.8	5.9	80	12.8	6/ 97.0
Colombia	18	532	23/ 38	4.8	2.1	3.0	30	10.5	93.5
Ecuador	18	212	11/ 33	3.7	9.9	10/ 0.9	(29)	8/ 13.1	8/ 98.4
Peru	8/ 18	588	9/ 39	2.5	14.1	12.4	57	15.4	6/ 98.3
Paraguay	16	126	11/ 26	4.2	6.1	13.0	28	12.9	(95.0)
Uruguay	6/ 22	916	6/ 10	1.1	-2.9	10.3	70	12.5	(98.9)
Brazil	8/ (27)	347	14/ 39	3.2	-3.7	3.5	20	7.2	91.5
Argentina	34	1,341	14/ 9	1.7	0.3	6.8	67	7.9	94.5
Weighted average	21.0	696	33.2	4.0	-	-	50.3	-	-
Weighted av. all regions	24.7	715.0	36.1	3.8	-	-	47.7	-	-

GROUP D

Table 40.--Development indicators: Asia, 1965

Area	GDP from manuf. 1/	Energy consump- tion 2/	Illit- eracy 3/	AID \$ equiv. 4/	Imports 1959/60- 1964/65	1959/60- 1964/65	Exports \$ per capita	% of GDP 1/	% primary products 5/
	Percent	Per capita	Percent	Per capita	- - - rates	Growth			
<u>South Asia</u>									
India	6/ 18	172	9/ 72	2.2	6.2	5.2	3	11/ 4.0	51.2
Pakistan	8/ 11	90	9/ 81	4.6	15.2	7.4	5	5.1	63.9
Ceylon	6	114	15/ 32	1.8	-2.7	1.3	36	24.6	99.1
Nepal	-	8	19/ 95	1.6	-	-	-	-	-
Afghanistan	-	25	(92)	3.7	10.2	5.0	4	(5.4)	86.7
Weighted average	16.4	150.2	73.7	2.6	-	-	4.0	-	-
<u>South East Asia</u>									
Thailand	12	110	14/ 32	1.5	9.7	9.8	20	15.7	96.9
Burma	8/ 15	47	19/ 42	1.4	1.4	0.7	9	8/ 14.6	11/98.6
South Vietnam	8/ 11	73	(50-60)	14.8	7.1	-12.2	2	0.9	98.9
Cambodia	6/ 9	45	24/ 69	3.6	2.3	9.1	17	6/ 12.2	99.3
Laos	-	43	(85)	18.6	-	0.0	(0.5)	(0.6)	-
Weighted average	12.1	76.3	44.2	4.8	-	-	12.2	-	-
<u>Other East Asia</u>									
Philippines	18	209	14/ 28	1.8	7.3	7.1	24	9.2	91.3
Taiwan	19	654	18/ 46	6.6	13.2	22.5	36	15.9	58.6
South Korea	18	445	14/ 29	8.3	5.7	40.9	6	6.0	40.6
Hong Kong									
Weighted average	18.3	377.5	31.7	5.1	-	-	19.1	-	-

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Area	GDP from manuf. 1/	Energy consumption 2/	Illit-eracy 3/	AID \$ equiv. 4/	Imports		Exports	
					1959/60-1964/65	1959/60-1964/64	\$ per capita	% of GDP 1/
	Percent	Per capita	Percent	Per capita	Growth rates -			
Other Asia & Oceania								
Indonesia	-	111	9/ 57	1.1	5.8 -4.2	7 8/	0.5 6/ 98.8	
Malaysia-West	8/ 10	338	20/ 53	25/2.6	5.8 1.7	126	39.0 92.6	
Sabah/Sarawak	-	578	20/ 53	4.5	-2.0 -3.5	526	99.5 60.2	
Singapore	-	578	20/ 53	4.5	-2.0 -3.5	526	99.5 60.2	
Weighted average	10.0	134.6	56.7	1.3	-	238.2	-	

Source: The problem of identifying the least developed among the developing countries, United Nations conference on Trade and Development, TD/17/Suppl. 1, 4 January 1968.

General Note: All values in brackets are tentative estimates based on unofficial published information.

1/ GDP = Gross Domestic Product. GDP differs from gross national product (GNP) by the exclusion of net factor income from abroad (consisting of investment income and repatriated earnings of nationals from abroad).

2/ Expressed in kilograms of coal equivalent.

3/ Rates not fully comparable since definitions differ substantially from country to country, of the OECD Average 1961-65 of official net disbursements from Development Assistance Committee member countries and multilateral agencies plus one-third of the total commitments of socialist countries.

5/ Primary products defined here as Standard International Trade Code (SITC) sections 0 to 4 plus SITC division 68. This includes live animals, meat and meat preparations, dairy products and eggs, fish and fish preparations, cereals and cereal preparations, and non-ferrous metals.

6/ 1963. 7/ Average 1964-65. 8/ 1964. 9/ 1961. 10/ 1959-1964. 11/ 1962. 12/ 1961-1965. 13/ 1961-1964. 14/ 1960. 15/ 1953. 16/ 1959. 17/ 1945. 18/ 1956. 19/ 1954. 20/ 1957. 21/ GNP. 22/ 1946. 23/ 1951. 24/ 1958. 25/ Total Malaysia.

Table 42.--National income growth rates: World by regions, total and per capita, projections for 1965-70, 1970-75, and 1975-80

Area	Total Growth Rates		Per Capita Growth Rates	
	1965-70	1970-75	1965-70	1975-80
	Percent by year	Percent by year	Percent by year	Percent by year
DEVELOPED COUNTRIES				
United States	4.3	4.3	3.0	2.9
Canada	4.3	4.3	2.5	2.4
Japan	8.0	8.0	7.2	7.1
South Africa	4.5	4.5	1.6	2.0
EEC	4.1	4.2	3.5	3.6
EFTA	3.0	3.2	2.3	2.5
Other Western Europe	4.8	5.7	4.0	5.0
Oceania	4.0	4.0	2.3	2.3
Total	4.3	4.3	3.3	3.3
CENTRALLY PLANNED COUNTRIES				
USSR	5.6	5.5	4.3	4.3
Eastern Europe	5.0	5.0	4.1	4.1
Communist Asia	4.2	4.2	2.2	2.2
Total	5.1	5.1	3.3	3.3
DEVELOPING COUNTRIES				
West Africa	3.8	4.3	1.3	1.7
East Africa	3.8	4.1	1.6	1.8
North Africa	4.3	4.9	1.5	1.9
Mexico	6.0	5.5	2.5	1.9
Central America	5.4	5.2	2.1	1.1
Caribbean	6.0	6.1	3.7	3.8
South America	4.4	4.4	1.7	2.1
West Asia	5.0	5.4	2.5	2.6
South Asia	4.1	4.1	1.7	2.5
South East Asia	4.2	4.3	1.6	2.1
Other East Asia	4.8	4.8	1.7	2.1
Other Asia & Oceania	3.9	3.9	1.5	1.6
Total	4.5	4.6	2.0	2.6

Area	1/1965	1970	1975	1980	Total Growth Rate			Per Capita Growth Rate		
					1965-70	1970-75	1975-80	1965-70	1970-75	1975-80
					Percent per year	Percent per year	Percent per year	Percent per year	Percent per year	Percent per year
United States	397,800	491,005	606,047	730,287	4.3	4.3	3.8	3.0	2.9	2.2
Canada	27,142	33,501	41,350	50,551	4.3	4.3	4.1	2.5	2.4	2.1
Japan	34,887	51,260	75,318	110,667	8.0	8.0	8.0	7.2	7.1	7.1
South Africa	7,165	8,929	11,127	13,866	4.5	4.5	4.5	1.6	2.0	1.7
EEC										
Belgium)	9,403	11,168	13,588	16,611	3.5	4.0	4.1	3.0	3.4	3.6
Luxembourg)										
France	46,136	56,131	69,949	87,587	4.0	4.5	4.6	3.3	3.7	3.9
Germany, W.	54,043	65,122	78,472	97,323	3.8	3.8	4.4	3.2	3.5	4.2
Italy	27,744	35,409	44,338	56,051	5.0	4.6	4.8	4.3	4.0	4.1
Netherlands	9,025	11,247	14,016	17,383	4.5	4.5	4.4	3.5	3.5	3.4
Total	146,351	179,077	220,363	274,955	4.1	4.2	4.5	3.5	3.6	3.9
EFTA										
Austria	4,579	5,438	6,584	8,088	3.5	3.9	4.2	3.4	3.8	4.1
Denmark	4,758	5,651	6,908	8,405	3.5	4.1	4.0	2.9	3.5	3.4
Norway	3,129	3,937	4,953	6,112	4.7	4.7	4.3	3.8	3.8	3.5
Portugal	2,415	3,156	4,223	5,263	5.5	6.0	4.5	5.1	5.6	4.1
Sweden	8,753	10,497	12,588	15,315	3.7	3.7	4.0	2.9	2.9	3.3
Switzerland	6,888	7,985	9,484	11,264	3.0	3.5	3.5	2.1	2.4	2.3
U.K.	53,917	61,300	69,694	85,202	2.6	2.6	4.1	1.9	1.9	3.4
Total	84,439	97,964	114,434	139,649	3.0	3.2	4.0	2.3	2.5	3.3
Total minus U.K.	30,522	36,664	44,740	54,447	3.8	4.1	4.0	3.2	3.5	3.4
Other Western Europe										
Cyprus	301	366	445	563	4.0	4.0	4.8	3.3	3.4	3.9
Finland	2,924	3,423	4,266	5,316	3.2	4.5	4.5	2.4	3.6	3.7
Greece	3,544	4,743	6,498	8,293	6.0	6.5	5.0	5.5	6.2	4.6
Iceland	132	149	186	232	2.5	4.5	4.5	1.0	3.0	3.2
Ireland	1,622	1,973	2,400	3,005	4.0	4.0	4.6	3.4	2.9	3.2
Spain	9,763	12,460	16,674	20,779	5.0	6.0	4.5	4.1	5.2	3.6
Total	18,286	23,114	30,469	38,188	4.8	5.7	4.6	4.0	5.0	3.8
Oceania										
Australia	11,493	13,983	17,012	20,698	4.0	4.0	4.0	2.4	2.4	2.2
New Zealand	2,824	3,436	4,201	5,185	4.0	4.1	4.3	1.9	2.0	2.0
Total	14,317	17,419	21,213	25,883	4.0	4.0	4.0	2.3	2.3	2.1

Footnotes to Table 49.

Table 44.--Net material product: Centrally planned countries, 1965 and projections for 1970, 1975 and 1980 3/

Area	1965 4/	1970	1975	1980	Total Growth Rates			Per Capita Growth Rates		
					1965-70	1970-75	1975-80	1965-70	1970-75	1975-80
	- - -	Million dollars	-	- - -	- - -	Percent	per year	- - -	Percent	per year
USSR	219,700	288,503	377,062	499,852	5.6	5.5	5.8	4.3	4.3	4.5
Eastern Europe										
Yugoslavia	5,900	8,275	11,498	15,027	7.0	6.8	5.5	5.8	5.8	4.8
Albania	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bulgaria	5,200	6,861	9,052	12,000	5.7	5.7	5.8	4.9	4.9	4.7
Czechoslovakia	11,600	14,249	17,503	21,604	4.2	4.2	4.3	3.4	3.4	3.4
E. Germany	21,300	26,291	32,296	39,672	4.3	4.2	4.2	4.1	4.1	4.1
Hungary	7,800	10,050	13,011	16,844	5.2	5.3	5.3	4.9	4.9	4.9
Poland	21,400	27,312	34,858	44,489	5.0	5.0	5.0	3.7	3.7	3.8
Romania	12,100	15,814	20,571	27,013	5.5	5.4	5.6	4.5	4.5	4.2
Total	85,300	108,852	138,789	176,649	5.0	5.0	4.9	4.1	4.1	4.1
Communist Asia										
China, Mainland	85,600	105,151	129,167	158,669	4.2	4.2	4.2	2.2	2.2	2.2
No. Korea	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mongolia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
No. Vietnam	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	85,600	105,151	129,167	158,669	4.2	4.2	4.2	2.2	2.2	2.2

Table 45.--Gross national product: West Africa, 1965 and projections for 1970, 1975 and 1980

Area	5/1965	1970	1975	1980	Total Growth Rates		Per Capita Growth Rates	
					1965-70	1970-75	1975-80	1965-80
	- - -	Million dollars	6/ - -	- - -	- - -	Percent per year	Percent per year	- - -
West Africa	7/ 460	546	655	797	3.5	3.7	4.0	3.8
Angola	670	800	969	1,196	3.6	3.9	4.3	4.0
Cameroon	122	142	166	202	3.1	3.2	4.0	3.4
Cen. Afr. Rep.	237	276	328	393	3.1	3.5	3.7	3.4
Chad	138	163	196	238	3.4	3.8	4.0	3.7
Congo, Braz.	1,237	1,420	1,687	2,052	2.8	3.5	4.0	3.4
Congo, Kinshasa	165	191	226	272	3.0	3.4	3.8	3.4
Dahomey	130	162	212	271	4.5	5.5	5.0	5.0
Gabon	2,207	2,685	3,427	4,374	4.0	5.0	5.0	4.7
Ghana	257	310	377	465	3.8	4.0	4.3	4.0
Guinea	963	1,229	1,569	1,974	5.0	5.0	4.7	4.9
Ivory Coast	213	257	310	374	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.8
Liberia	297	346	409	498	3.1	3.4	4.0	3.5
Mali	127	164	219	277	5.2	6.0	4.8	5.3
Mauritania	250	293	348	423	3.2	3.5	4.0	3.6
Niger	4,852	5,932	7,499	9,571	4.1	4.8	5.0	4.6
Nigeria	680	788	914	1,086	3.0	3.0	3.5	3.2
Senegal	344	405	474	568	3.3	3.2	3.7	3.4
Sierra Leone	156	180	212	257	2.9	3.3	3.9	3.4
Togo	257	291	334	399	2.5	2.8	3.6	3.0
Upper Volta	683	815	977	1,212	3.6	3.7	4.4	3.9
Other								
Total	14,445	17,395	21,508	26,899	3.8	4.3	4.6	4.2

Footnotes on Table 49.

Table 46.--Gross national product: East Africa, 1965 and projections for 1970, 1975, and 1980

Area	5/1965	1970	1975	1980	Total Growth Rates		Per Capita Growth Rates	
					1965-70	1975-80	1965-70	1975-80
	- - - -	- Million dollars		6/- -	- - - -	Percent per year	- - - -	Percent per year
East Africa								
Ethiopia	1,171	1,404	1,700	2,058	3.7	3.9	1.9	1.9
Kenya	846	1,005	1,223	1,539	3.5	4.0	1.2	1.8
Uganda	658	782	929	1,130	3.5	3.5	1.5	1.9
Tanzania	751	901	1,086	1,347	3.7	3.8	1.6	2.1
Rwanda	155	186	223	277	3.7	3.7	1.0	1.0
Burundi	140	162	187	223	2.9	2.9	1.0	1.0
Mozambique	77	978	1,196	1,462	4.1	4.1	2.4	2.3
Madagascar	578	693	831	1,011	3.7	3.7	1.4	1.5
Somali Republic	150	175	206	251	3.1	3.3	1.3	2.0
Malawi	163	199	247	308	4.1	4.4	.8	1.1
Rhodesia	1,022	1,261	1,579	2,006	4.3	4.6	1.0	1.5
Zambia	842	1,080	1,405	1,802	5.1	5.4	1.8	1.7
Other	1,068	1,268	1,506	1,823	3.5	3.5	1.4	1.6
Total	8,254	10,094	12,318	15,237	3.8	4.1	1.6	1.8

Table 47.--Gross national product: North Africa and West Asia, 1965 and projections for 1970, 1975, and 1980

Area	5/1965	1970	1975	1980	Total Growth Rates			Per Capita Growth Rates		
					1965-70	1970-75	1975-80	1965-70	1970-75	1975-80
	- - -	Million dollars	6/	- - -	- - -	Percent	per year	- - -	Percent	per year
NORTH AFRICA										
U.A.R.	4,700	5,773	7,474	10,192	4.2	5.3	6.4	1.2	2.2	3.3
Sudan	1,387	1,712	2,133	2,684	4.3	4.5	4.7	1.8	2.0	2.3
Algeria	2,630	3,200	3,950	4,993	4.0	4.3	4.8	1.1	1.3	1.8
Morocco	2,606	3,186	3,914	4,948	4.1	4.2	4.8	.8	.8	1.4
Tunisia	936	1,139	1,392	1,710	4.0	4.1	4.2	1.8	1.8	1.9
Libya	876	1,229	1,724	2,264	7.0	7.0	5.6	4.0	4.0	2.8
Total	13,135	16,239	20,587	26,791	4.3	4.9	5.5	1.5	1.9	2.5
WEST ASIA										
Iran	5,933	7,608	9,849	12,933	5.1	5.3	5.6	2.7	2.7	2.9
Iraq	1,909	2,379	3,036	4,063	4.5	5.0	6.0	1.1	1.5	2.2
Israel	3,597	4,591	6,591	9,201	5.0	7.5	6.9	2.9	5.6	5.0
Turkey	8,123	10,367	13,168	16,967	5.0	4.9	5.2	2.6	2.1	2.5
Syrian Arab Rep.	1,125	1,369	1,747	2,272	4.0	5.0	5.4	.8	1.4	1.7
Jordan	462	562	717	919	4.0	5.0	5.1	.7	1.5	1.5
Lebanon	1,120	1,396	1,756	2,252	4.5	4.7	5.1	1.7	1.9	2.3
Saudi Arabia	1,521	2,084	2,724	3,477	6.5	5.5	5.0	4.4	3.4	2.7
Yemen	489	584	697	856	3.6	3.6	4.2	1.4	1.4	1.8
S. Yemen	7/ 148	169	204	252	3.8	3.8	4.3	1.6	1.6	2.1
Others	2,231	2,834	3,600	4,661	4.9	4.9	5.3	2.7	2.7	2.8
Total	26,650	33,943	44,089	57,853	5.0	5.4	5.6	2.5	2.6	2.7

Footnotes on Table 49.

GROUP E

Table 48.---Gross national product: Latin America, 1965 and projections for 1970, 1975 and 1980

Area	1965 \$/	1970	1975	1980	Total Growth Rates			Per Capita Growth Rates		
					1965-70	1970-75	1975-80	1965-70	1970-75	1975-80
					Percent per year	Percent per year	Percent per year	Percent per year	Percent per year	Percent per year
Mexico	19,415	25,982	33,957	44,803	6.0	5.5	5.7	5.8	1.9	2.0
CENTRAL AMERICA										
Costa Rica	593	779	1,013	1,318	5.6	5.4	5.4	5.5	1.8	2.0
El Salvador	795	1,064	1,404	1,870	6.0	5.7	5.9	5.9	2.5	2.7
Guatemala	1,410	1,800	2,265	2,918	5.0	4.7	5.2	5.0	1.6	2.0
Honduras	504	622	768	976	4.3	4.3	4.9	4.5	.8	1.4
Nicaragua	588	772	1,014	1,332	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6	2.1	2.2
Panama	617	826	1,085	1,432	6.0	5.6	5.7	5.5	2.3	2.3
Total	4,507	5,863	7,549	9,846	5.4	5.2	5.5	5.3		
CARIBBEAN										
Jamaica	373	1,120	1,429	1,877	5.1	5.0	5.6	5.2	3.7	4.4
Haiti	327	361	418	496	2.0	2.0	3.5	2.8	.3	.6
Domin. Rep.	960	1,225	1,571	2,034	5.0	5.1	5.3	5.1	1.4	1.5
Puerto Rico	2,880	4,154	5,926	8,365	7.6	7.4	7.1	7.4	6.1	5.9
Trinidad & Tobago	630	875	1,210	1,721	6.8	6.7	7.3	6.9	4.0	4.8
Cuba	7/400	464	554	677	3.0	3.6	4.1	3.6	1.7	2.2
Other	766	936	1,133	1,446	4.1	3.9	5.0	4.3	1.9	3.2
Total	6,836	9,135	12,251	16,616	6.0	6.1	6.3	6.1	3.8	3.9
SOUTH AMERICA										
Venezuela	7,691	9,723	12,292	15,688	4.8	4.8	5.0	4.8	1.2	1.4
Guianas	193	234	286	362	3.9	4.1	4.8	4.3	.9	1.5
Bolivia	599	739	917	1,154	4.3	4.4	4.7	4.5	1.9	2.1
Chile	4,257	5,305	6,579	8,317	4.5	4.4	4.8	4.6	2.0	2.4
Colombia	5,103	6,390	8,040	10,310	4.6	4.7	5.1	4.8	1.7	1.9
Ecuador	1,128	1,419	1,802	2,311	4.7	4.9	5.1	4.9	1.7	1.9
Peru	4,281	5,438	6,940	8,942	4.9	5.0	5.2	5.0	2.2	2.4
Paraguay	443	534	650	822	3.8	4.0	4.8	4.2	1.1	1.8
Uruguay	1,555	1,768	2,000	2,364	2.6	2.5	3.4	2.8	1.4	2.3
Brazil	21,970	28,308	36,474	46,773	5.2	5.2	5.1	5.2	2.3	2.4
Argentina	16,050	18,606	21,569	26,116	3.0	3.0	3.9	3.3	1.4	2.3
Total	63,270	78,464	97,549	123,159	4.4	4.4	4.8	4.5	1.7	2.1
Grand Total	94,028	119,444	151,306	194,424	4.9	4.8	5.1	5.0	1.9	2.2

Footnotes on Table 49.

38 ROWS

38 ROWS

